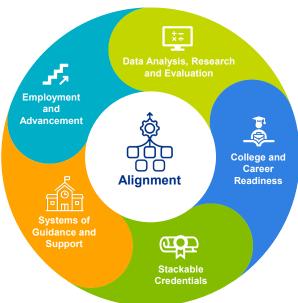
Career Pathways

The Southern Regional Education Board defines career pathways as connected sequences of education and training that support and prepare students to gain the knowledge and skills needed to attain postsecondary credentials and employment.

Successful career pathways have **six key elements**. **Alignment** is central to developing a high-quality career pathway and lays the foundation for the other elements.





1. Alignment

- Programs of study coordinate with labor market needs.
- ✓ Pathways include a work-based learning continuum that is offered from elementary through postsecondary.
- ✓ Business and industry partner with education to develop and sustain high-quality career pathways.
- ✓ Courses are nonduplicative across education systems and streamline learning within programs of study.
- Credit transferability policy is established.

2. Data Analysis, Research and Evaluation

- Programs and policies are evidence-based in meeting education and employment outcomes.
- Longitudinal data systems measure student progress and long-term outcomes across systems.
- ✓ Data and reporting are transparent across agencies and to the public.
- ✓ Monitoring and evaluation plans are in place to track identified measures of pathway outcomes.

For more information on career pathways, please contact Tim Shaughnessy at <u>Tim.Shaughnessy@sreb.org</u>.





3. College and Career Readiness

- Curriculum and instruction promote student mastery of academic, technical and success skills through real world assignments, project-based learning, work-based learning or apprenticeships.
- Knowledge and skill attainment are validated through relevant assessments and credentials.
- Business and industry partners participate in career pathway development and review to ensure that curriculum is relevant to industry demanded skills.
- Experiential learning opportunities connect the classroom and the workplace and support students' interests, aptitudes and goals.

(Exp.)

4. Stackable Credentials

- Career pathways offer multiple entry and exit points.
- Credentials are validated by industry representatives and have value within the labor market.
- Curriculum and the related credentials are sequential and build upon each other.
- ✓ Dual credit initiatives enable college credit to be earned towards degree programs where appropriate.



5. Systems of Guidance and Support

- Career awareness, exploration and preparation occur in all grades.
- Students' aptitudes and interests are assessed starting in the middle grades and continuing through postsecondary.
- ✓ Individual career and academic plans guide students' education, career and life goals and are reviewed annually with supportive adults.
- Career guidance is informed by labor market data and priority occupations identified at the state and regional levels.
- Career information centers provide direction on jobs, salaries, educational and skill requirements.



6. Employment and Advancement

- Career pathways are designed to meet workforce demands for high skill, high wage and high demand jobs, as defined by labor market data.
- Postsecondary institutions grant credit for prior learning, such as credentials or apprenticeships, to optimize pathway progression.
- Opportunities for continuous learning and training to promote career progression, upskilling and reskilling are available through multiple partners.
- Career pathways embed transferable skills within curriculum and assessments to allow employment advancement and career changes.