

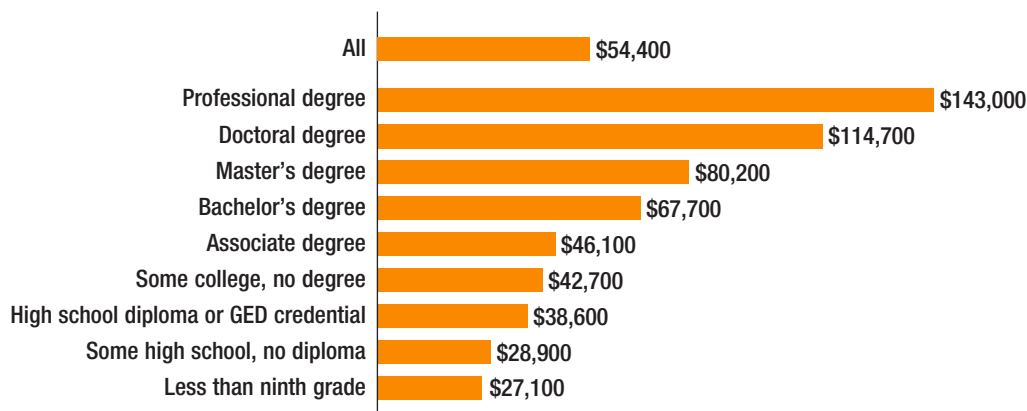


College Completion

Completing a four-year degree increases earning potential

Adults in the United States with bachelor's degrees earned \$29,100 more on average in 2015 than adults with only high school diplomas or GED credentials. The earnings premium for the bachelor's degree at that time equaled 75 percent more than the value of a high school credential, slightly lower than the 76 percent premium a year earlier. On average, adults who earned more than the national average of \$54,400 in 2015 also had attained a bachelor's degree or higher. Adults with bachelor's degrees nationwide earned an average of \$67,700. Those with associate degrees averaged \$46,100 — 19 percent more than those with only high school credentials. On average, people with professional degrees, such as law or medicine, earned more than twice as much annually (\$143,000) as those with bachelor's degrees.

Average Annual Earnings of Adults Ages 25 or Older by Highest Level of Education United States, 2015



Source: U.S. Census Bureau.

Jobs that require at least a postsecondary degree are projected to grow faster

According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, total employment and job openings will grow by nearly 7 percent (9.7 million) from 2014 to 2024. That is a 4 percentage-point decrease in predicted growth from 2012 to 2022 — 11 percent (15.6 million).

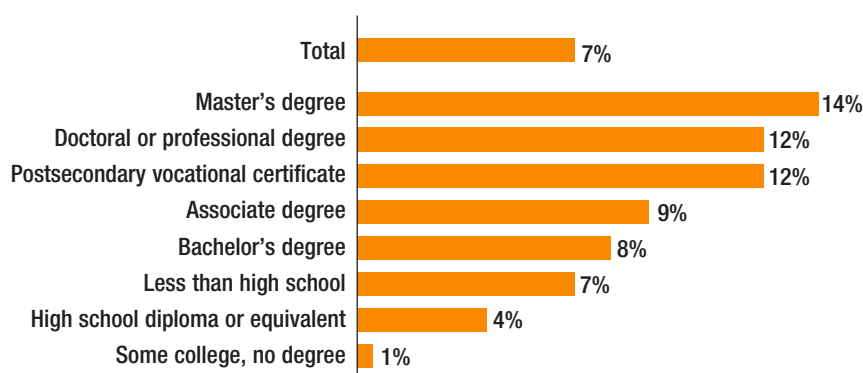
Job growth is expected to exceed that 7 percent prediction for individuals with a postsecondary degree or credential. Jobs requiring a high school diploma or equivalent are expected to grow 4 percent between 2014 and 2024, but employment requiring a postsecondary vocational certificate is projected to increase nearly 12 percent and those requiring associate degrees almost 9 percent.

Student progression rates experience slow growth

Seventy-seven percent of the first-time, full-time students who entered public four-year institutions in SREB states in fall 2009 seeking bachelor's degrees had completed degrees, transferred to another institution, or were still enrolled at the college by 2014-15. That is a 5 percentage-point increase in the progression rate over the last ten years. The SREB-State Data Exchange "progression rate" is the percentage of first-time, full-time students enrolling in the fall of each academic year who: (1) graduate from the college they first attend; (2) remain enrolled; or (3) transfer to another college within 150 percent of normal program time — typically six years at four-year colleges and universities, and three years at two-year colleges.

By 2014-15, 52 percent of first-time, full-time, degree- or certificate-seeking students who enrolled in two-year colleges in fall 2012 had completed the degree, transferred to another institution, or were still enrolled at the college — a 1 percentage-point gain over their peers who enrolled in fall 2008.

Projected Increases in Employment by Education Required United States, 2014 to 2024

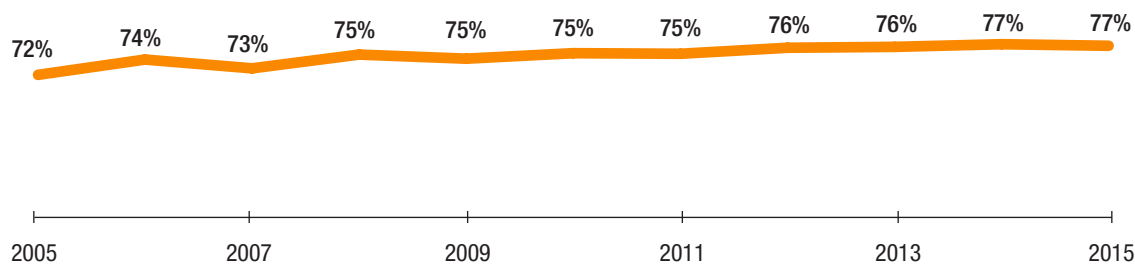


Note: The occupational employment and growth rates shown in this table include projected growth in all jobs (both full- and part-time positions) from 2014 to 2024, not just entry-level jobs. Entry-level education reflects 2014 requirement; the Bureau of Labor Statistics does not project educational requirements.

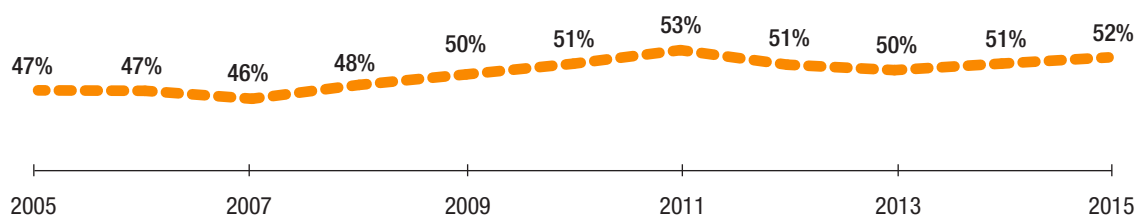
Source: Employment Projections Program, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Trends in Student Progression Rates* SREB States

Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities



Public Two-Year Colleges



* The progression rates for public four-year colleges and universities are the percentages of first-time, full-time students who completed a bachelor's degree, remained enrolled or transferred within six years. The progression rates for public two-year colleges are the percentages of first-time, full-time students who completed a degree or certificate, remained enrolled or transferred within three years.

Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

Graduation rates continue gradual climb

In the SREB region, 56 percent of students who enrolled in public four-year colleges and universities in fall 2009 had graduated by 2014-15 — an increase of 1 percentage point from the fall 2007 cohort but still below the national rate of 59 percent. The highest rate for the students who enrolled in 2009 was in the Northeast at 63 percent, followed by 61 percent in the West and 59 percent in the Midwest. In SREB states, graduation rates have yet to equal national averages.

At public two-year colleges in the SREB region, 18 percent of students in the fall 2012 cohort of first-time, full-time degree-seeking students graduated by 2014-15. The national average was higher, at 21 percent. All other regions had higher graduation rates, the highest, at 26 percent, in the West, followed by 22 percent in the Midwest and 20 percent in the Northeast.

Differences in graduation rates by race/ethnicity persist

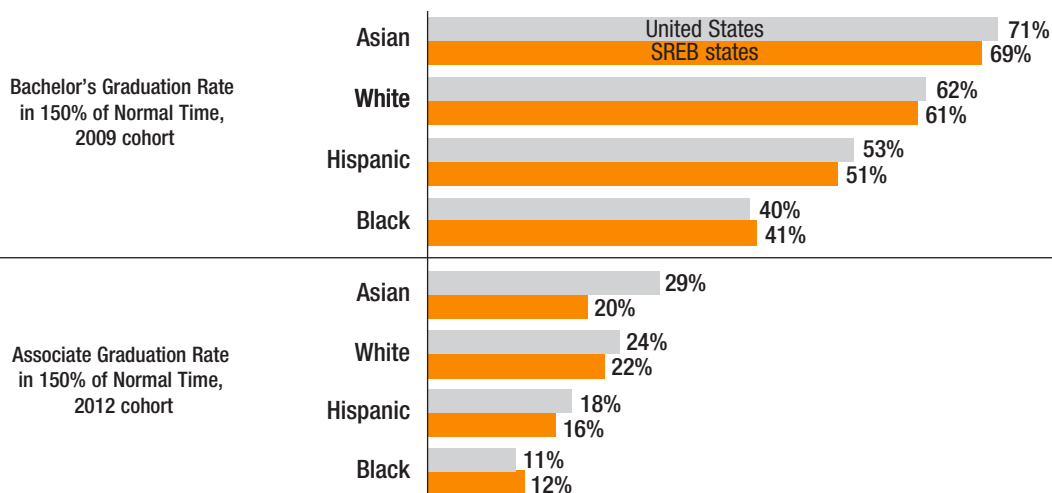
In 2014-15, Asian-American students completed college within six years at the highest rate at public four-year colleges and universities, both nationwide and in the SREB region. Their 69 percent graduation rate in SREB states was 2 percentage points lower than the national rate of 71 percent. The graduation rate for white students was 61 percent in SREB states; for Hispanic students, it was 51 percent; and for black students, 41 percent.

Asian-American students also had the highest graduation rate within three years at public two-year colleges nationwide — 29 percent — compared with 24 percent for white students, 18 percent for Hispanic students and 11 percent for black students. In the SREB region, white students had the highest graduation rate at public two-year colleges at 22 percent, followed by 20 percent for Asian-American students, 16 percent for Hispanic students and 12 percent for black students.

Low on-time graduation rates continue

The rates for students who graduate in 100 percent of normal time — within four years for bachelor's degrees and two years for associate degrees — continue to fall far below the 150-percent rates, despite efforts in some states to encourage students to finish on time. For first-time, full-time students entering public four-year institutions in fall 2009, the four-year graduation rate nationwide was 35 percent — 24 points below the six-year rate. The Northeast had the highest on-time rate, at 43 percent, followed by the Midwest at 34 percent, and the SREB and West regions at 33 percent. The SREB region's four-year rate was 23 points below its six-year rate.

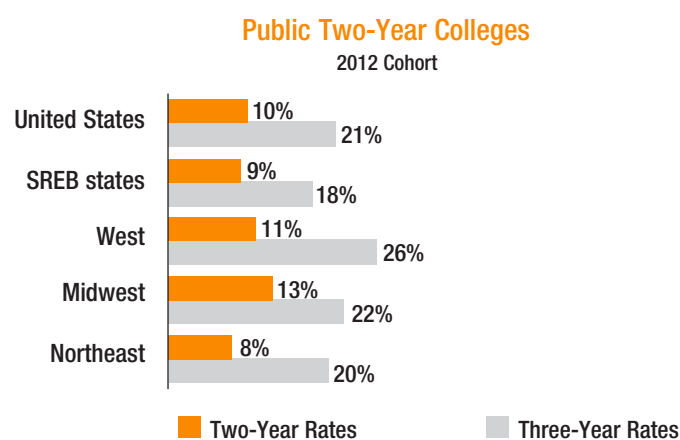
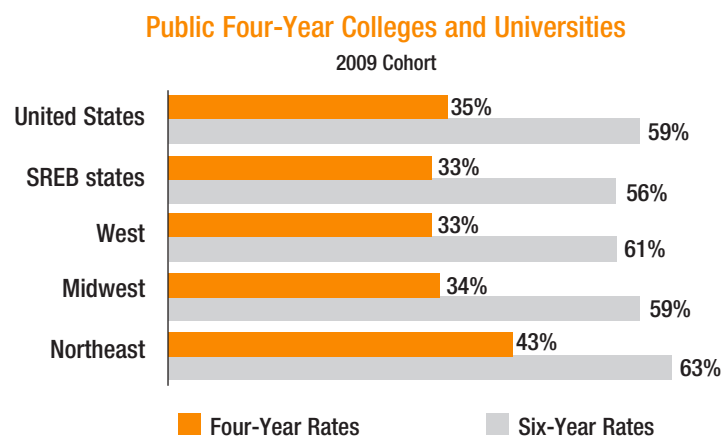
Graduation Rates, 150 Percent of Normal Time* by Race/Ethnicity Public Colleges and Universities, 2015



* Six-year graduation rates for four-year universities and colleges; three-year graduation rates for two-year colleges.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate survey.

Graduation Rates, 100 and 150 Percent of Normal Time Public Colleges and Universities



Note: Four- and six-year graduation rates for four-year universities and colleges; two- and three-year graduation rates for two-year colleges.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate survey.

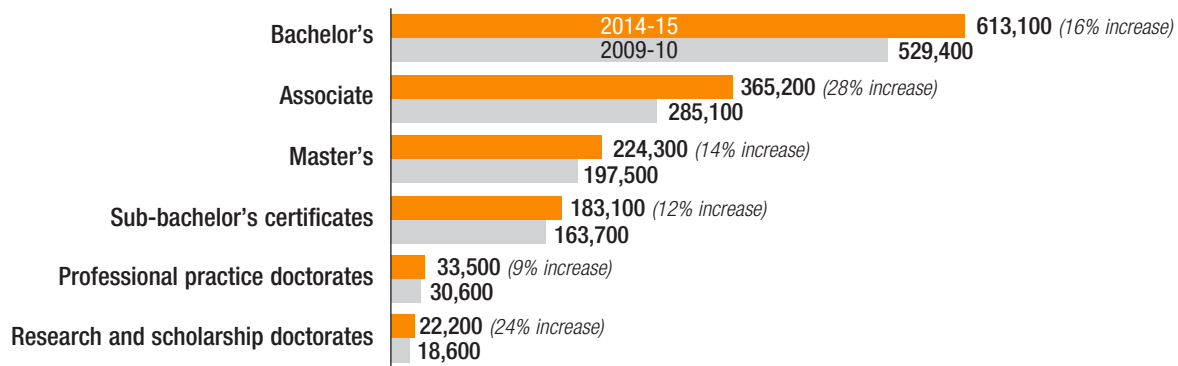
At public two-year colleges, for students entering in fall 2012, the on-time graduation rate was 10 percent nationwide. The regional rates ranged from a high in the Midwest of 13 percent, to 11 percent in the West, 9 percent in SREB states, and 8 percent in the Northeast.

Postsecondary certificates continue to increase

Nationwide in 2014-15, students completed 472,600 sub-bachelor's certificates — programs of at least one-year duration that are awarded by degree-granting and non-degree-granting postsecondary education institutions. Students in SREB states completed 39 percent of these credentials (183,100) compared with students in the West at 28 percent, students in the Midwest at 20 percent, and students in the Northeast at 13 percent.

An additional 246 certificates (0.1 percent of the total) were awarded nationwide by online-only institutions in 2014-15.

Programs Completed, Public and Private Colleges SREB States



Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys.

More associate degrees awarded

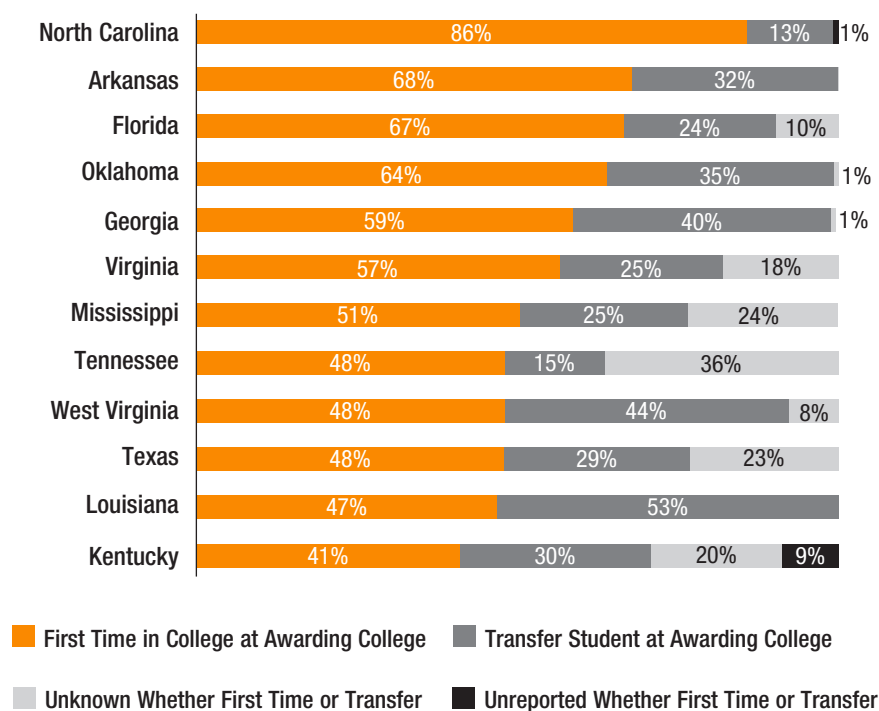
In 2014-15, public and private colleges in SREB states awarded 365,200 associate degrees — 28 percent more than in 2009-10. Nationwide, the number of associate degrees awarded in that year totaled over 1 million and rose 18 percent during the period. In the West, the rate of increase was 18 percent. In the Midwest, it was 11 percent, and in the Northeast it was 9 percent. Public colleges alone awarded 84 percent of associate degrees in the SREB region and 82 percent nationally.

Women earned 62 percent of the associate degrees awarded in 2014-15 in SREB states and 61 percent nationwide, a slightly lower proportion than in 2009-10. In 2014-15, black students earned 20 percent of the associate degrees awarded in SREB states — up less than 1 percentage point from 2009-10. Black students earned 23,500 more associate degrees nationwide in 2014-15 than in 2009-10 — and 72 percent of that increase (16,900) was in the SREB region. Hispanic students earned 18 percent of associate degrees in the SREB region in 2014-15, up from 15 percent in 2009-10. Hispanic students also earned 18 percent of all associate degrees awarded nationally, up from 13 percent in 2009-10. (The calculation of percentages of degrees awarded by race/ethnicity excludes those awarded to foreign students or students of unknown race/ethnicity.)

Among fields of study, subjects in the humanities (i.e., liberal arts and general studies) attracted the most associate degree students in 2014-15: 169,800 in the SREB region and 392,300 nationally. Allied health majors made up the next largest proportion, accounting for 75,900 associate degrees in the SREB region and 197,700 nationally.

An additional 12,300 associate degrees (approximately 1 percent of the total) were awarded nationwide by online-only colleges and universities in 2014-15.

Student Status at Entry, Associate Degree Graduates, Public Two-Year Colleges Participating SREB States, 2014-15



Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

Time- and credits-to-degree for associate degree graduates in the SREB region

The SREB-State Data Exchange collected information from 12 SREB states that provide data on time- and credits-to-degree. They reported that the average time-to-degree after students entered a degree-granting college varied, depending on whether the student entered that college as a first-time-in-college student, had earned college credits while in high school, was a transfer student, or attended the college full time. For graduates who had been first-time college students at the colleges from which they graduated and who had taken some college credits while in high school, the average time-to-degree ranged from 2.5 years to 4.4 years. For the graduates who entered as first-time students with no college credits taken while in high school, the average time-to-degree ranged from 3.3 years to 5.7 years. Transfer students completed their degrees in 2.9 years to 7.5 years.

In the 12 SREB states that reported in 2014-15, students who began at two-year colleges as first-time college students with no college credits graduated at rates between 28 and 68 percent. These states also reported that transfer students at public two-year colleges comprised 13 to 54 percent of the associate degrees awarded in 2014-15. The percentage of graduates who enrolled full time when they first attended the two-year colleges from which they graduated ranged from 36 to 72 percent.

Completion of bachelor's degrees rises

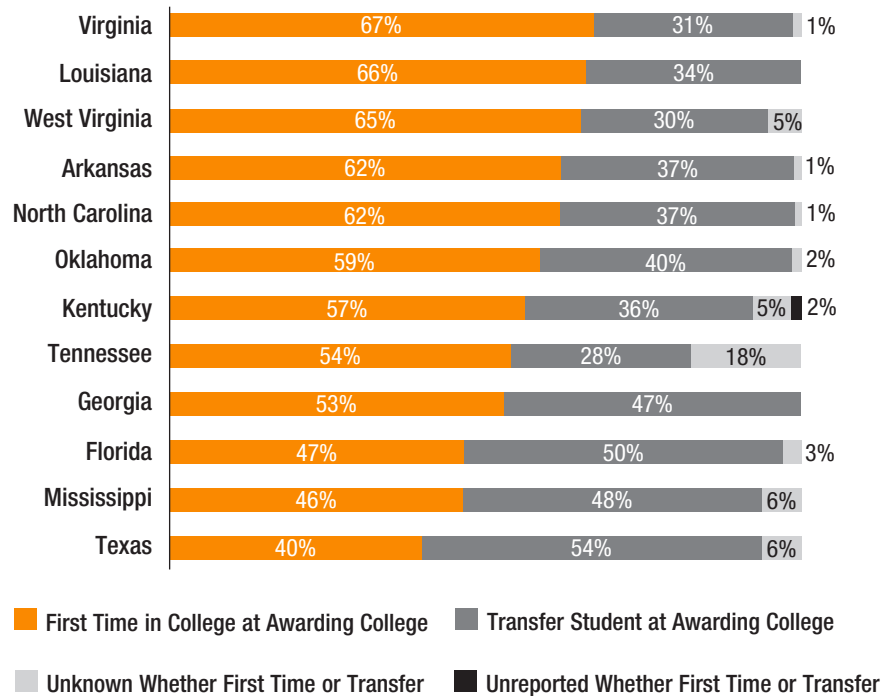
Public and private colleges and universities awarded nearly 1.9 million bachelor's degrees in 2014-15 in the United States — a 13 percent increase from 2009-10. Over 613,100 bachelor's degrees were awarded in the SREB region, a 16 percent increase in the same five-year span. SREB states accounted for the nation's largest proportion of bachelor's degrees awarded in 2014-15, at 33 percent. The Midwest accounted for the next largest share, at 24 percent; the West for 22 percent; and the Northeast for 21 percent.

A higher percentage of bachelor's degrees were completed at public colleges and universities in the SREB region than in any other region in 2014-15. Seventy-four percent of the bachelor's degrees in the SREB region were awarded by public colleges. In the West, 68 percent of bachelor's degrees were awarded by public colleges; in the Midwest, 63 percent; and in the Northeast, 49 percent.

Women continued to comprise a majority of bachelor's degree completions: in 2014-15, women earned 58 percent of the bachelor's degrees in SREB states and 57 percent in the nation. Five years earlier, the percentages were the same.

Black students earned nearly 17 percent of the bachelor's degrees awarded in the SREB region in 2014-15 — up slightly from 16 percent in 2009-10. This amounted to 13,700 more black students completing bachelor's degrees in 2014-15 than in 2009-10 in the SREB region. In 2014-15, historically and predominantly

Bachelor's Degree Graduates from Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities Participating SREB States, 2012-13



Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

black colleges awarded 27 percent of the bachelor's degrees earned by black students in the SREB region — down from 36 percent in 2009-10. (The calculation of percentages of degrees awarded by race/ethnicity excludes those awarded to foreign students or students of unknown race/ethnicity.)

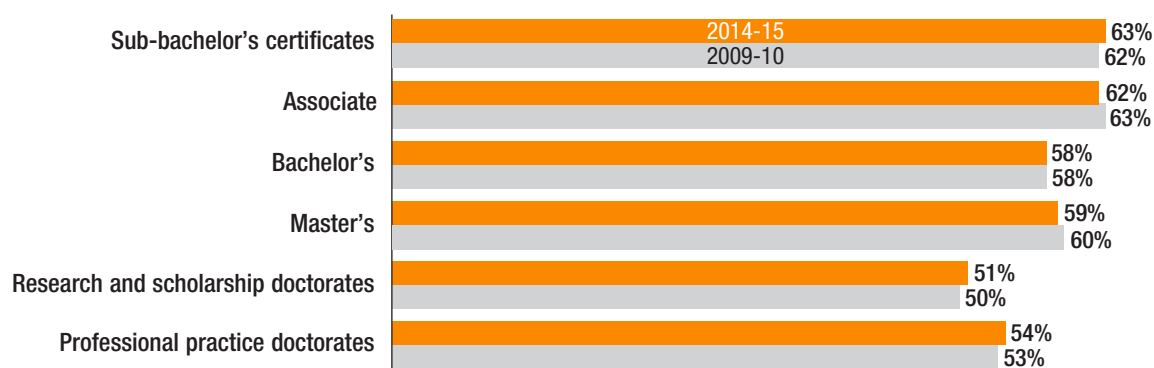
Hispanic students earned 13 percent of the bachelor's degrees awarded in the SREB region in 2014-15, up from 10 percent in 2009-10. Of the 203,704 bachelor's degrees awarded to Hispanic students in 2014-15, 35 percent went to graduates in SREB states. Hispanic graduates earned 24 percent of the bachelor's degrees awarded in Florida and 29 percent of those earned in Texas in 2014-15. New Mexico (at 47 percent) had the highest proportion of Hispanic bachelor's degrees awarded.

From 2009-10 to 2014-15, students in health professions and related sciences had the largest growth in the number of bachelor's degrees completed nationally (61 percent), compared with other broad fields of study, such as sciences and technologies (up 30 percent), social and behavioral sciences (up 11 percent), the humanities (down 5 percent), business and management (down 1 percent), and education (down 11 percent). The SREB region's growth was higher than the national average in sciences and technologies, and it grew in humanities and in business at a time when the nation declined in those fields. The SREB region, like the Midwest and Northeast regions, experienced a decline in growth of bachelor's degree completions in education (down 9 percent). The West had the only increase in education degree completion, at 15 percent.

Nationwide, an additional 34,600 bachelor's degrees (2 percent) were awarded by online-only colleges and universities in 2014-15.

The SREB-State Data Exchange survey includes a section on time- and credits-to-degree that provides important information on bachelor's degree completion. States reported that the average time-to-degree after students entered a degree-granting college or university varied depending on whether the graduate entered that college as a first-time-in-college student, had taken college credits while in high school, or was a transfer student from another college. The 12 SREB states participating in the exchange indicated that 28 percent to 54 percent of students completing bachelor's degrees at public four-year colleges or

Women Graduates as a Percent of Total Graduates SREB States



Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys.

universities in 2014-15 in the SREB region had transferred into the institutions awarding their degrees. For graduates who entered as first-time-in-college students with no college credits taken while in high school, the average completion time ranged from 4.6 years to 5.6 years. For those who entered as first-time-in-college students and had taken college credits while in high school, the time ranged from 3.8 years to 4.8 years. Transfer students completed their degrees in 3.4 to 6.7 years.

Among 2014-15 graduates, the 12 states reported between 74 percent and 92 percent had enrolled full time when they first attended the colleges awarding their degrees.

Public colleges award larger percentage of master's degrees in SREB region

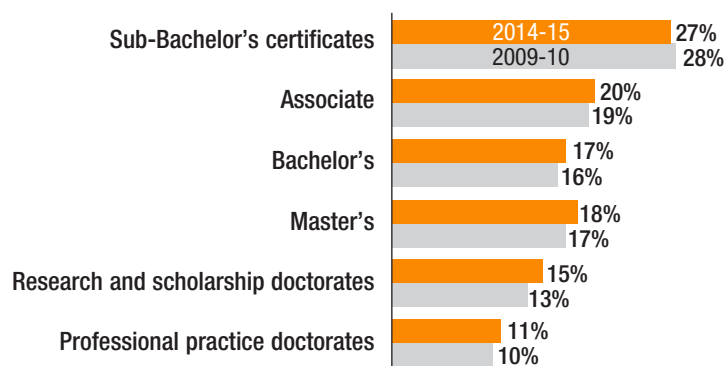
Public colleges and universities accounted for 48 percent of master's degrees awarded nationwide in 2014-15, up from 47 percent in 2009-10. Sixty-four percent of the master's degrees awarded in SREB states in 2014-15 were at public colleges and universities, down from 66 percent in 2009-10. Two of the other three regions also had smaller proportions of master's degrees awarded by public universities: 45 percent in the West, 53 percent in the Midwest, and 28 percent in the Northeast.

From 2009-10 to 2014-15, the number of master's degrees awarded by both public and private institutions increased by 14 percent in the SREB region and 6 percent nationwide. The increase in the West was 2 percent. The Midwest declined by 4 percent, while the number in the Northeast grew 8 percent.

Women began earning more than half of the master's degrees in the nation in the early 1980s — and in SREB states in the mid-1970s. In 2014-15, women earned 59 percent of the master's degrees in the SREB region.

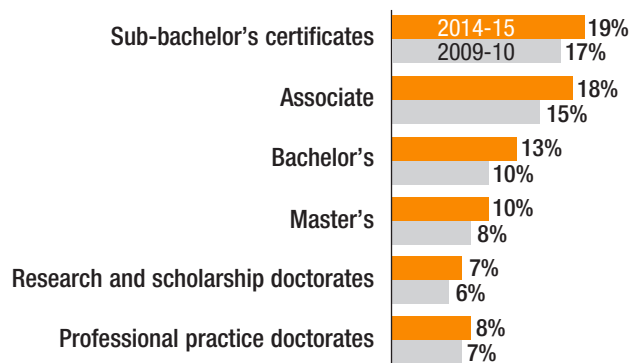
From 2009-10 to 2014-15, the proportion of master's degrees earned by black students rose from 17 percent to 18 percent in SREB states and from 12 percent to 13 percent in the nation. Hispanic students increased their proportion of master's degrees earned in SREB states from 8 percent to 10 percent over the same period. (The calculation of percentages of degrees awarded by race/ethnicity excludes those awarded to foreign students or students of unknown race/ethnicity.)

Black Graduates as a Percent of Total Graduates SREB States



Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys.

Hispanic Graduates as a Percent of Total Graduates SREB States



Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys.

The fastest-growing broad field of study for master's degrees in the SREB region from 2009-10 to 2014-15 was health professions and related sciences. The nationwide increase was 38 percent; in the SREB region it was 42 percent. Education experienced a decrease nationally, down 22 percent. In the SREB region, education experienced a 12 percent decrease. Other regions also showed declines in master's degrees in education, down 14 percent in the West, 37 percent in the Midwest, and 26 percent in the Northeast. Growth in master's degrees in the humanities was 5 percent nationwide and 14 percent in the SREB region. Production of master's degrees in the sciences and technologies increased in all four regions.

An additional 31,700 master's degrees (4 percent) were awarded nationally by online-only colleges and universities in 2014-15.

SREB states lead in growth of research and scholarship doctorates

In 2014-15, more research and scholarship doctoral degrees were awarded in SREB states — 22,200 — than in any other U.S. region and represented 34 percent of the U.S. total. The increase since 2009-10 was 24 percent in the SREB region, with increases of 15 percent in the West, 6 percent in the Midwest, and 13 percent in the Northeast. In 2014-15, public and private institutions nationwide awarded a total of 65,800 doctoral degrees. Public institutions awarded 65 percent of the nationwide total and 75 percent of the SREB region's doctoral degrees in 2014-15 — a 1 percent increase nationally and a 3 percent decrease regionally from 2009-10.

In 2006-07, for the first time, women earned at least half of the academic doctorates awarded nationwide. By 2014-15, women's share had fallen to 49 percent nationwide: 51 percent in SREB states, 49 percent in the West, and 48 percent in the Midwest and Northeast.

Black students earned 10 percent of all research and scholarship doctorates nationwide in 2014-15 and 15 percent in the SREB region, a regional increase of 2 percentage points since 2009-10. In 2014-15, Hispanic students earned 7 percent of these degrees awarded in both the nation and the SREB region —

up 1 percentage point from 2009-10. Nationwide, 28 percent of the doctorates awarded in 2014-15 went to students from foreign countries: 27 percent in the SREB region, 21 percent in the West, 31 percent in the Midwest, and 32 percent in the Northeast. (The calculation of percentages of degrees awarded by race/ethnicity excludes those awarded to foreign students or students of unknown race/ethnicity.)

Research and scholarship doctorates increased at faster rates in health professions and related sciences than in other fields from 2009-10 to 2014-15 — up 24 percent nationwide. Rates in health professions and related sciences were up 42 percent in the SREB region, higher than in any of the other regions. Growth rates in sciences and technologies were 23 percent in SREB states and 19 percent nationally. In education, the number of doctoral degrees awarded increased 25 percent in SREB states and 15 percent nationally. Growth rates in the social and behavioral sciences were 21 percent in SREB states and 12 percent nationally. In business and management, the number of doctoral degrees awarded increased 36 percent in SREB states; nationwide it rose 3 percent. Growth rates in the humanities were 4 percent in SREB states and 7 percent nationally, led by a 14 percent increase in the Midwest.

Nationwide, an additional 2,900 research and scholarship doctorates (4 percent of the total) were awarded by online-only colleges and universities in 2014-15.

More women than men are completing professional practice doctorates

In 2006-07, for the first time, women earned at least half of the professional practice doctoral degrees in fields such as medicine, dentistry and law — nationally and in all regions. By 2014-15, women earned 54 percent of these degrees nationally, and in all regions except the Midwest, where they earned 53 percent.

Black students earned 7 percent of professional practice doctoral degrees in the nation and 11 percent in the SREB region in 2014-15. In nine states in the SREB region, black students earned 10 percent or more of these degrees — Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Tennessee and Virginia. Hispanic graduates accounted for 7 percent of those earning professional practice doctorates in the nation and 8 percent in the SREB region. New Mexico at 32 percent, Florida at 19 percent, Texas at 15 percent, California and Alaska at 13 percent, and Arizona and Rhode Island at 10 percent led the nation in the percentage of these doctorates completed by Hispanic students.

Osteopathic medicine and pharmacy were the fastest-growing professional practice doctorate fields in the nation. Osteopathic medicine degrees increased by 47 percent nationwide and by 72 percent in the SREB region between 2009-10 and 2014-15. Nationwide, the number of pharmacy degrees awarded in 2014-15 was 22 percent greater than in 2009-10 — and 18 percent greater in SREB states. The number of law degrees awarded from 2009-10 to 2014-15 decreased nationwide and across all regions. Nationwide, fewer than 40,000 law degrees were awarded in 2014-15, down over 9 percent since 2009-10. In the SREB region, the number of law degrees awarded decreased almost 6 percent. That is less than the decrease in the Northeast and Midwest, both at 14 percent, but greater than the West's nearly 4 percent decrease.

An additional 130 professional practice doctorates (0.1 percent of the total) were awarded nationally by online-only colleges and universities in 2014-15.

Table 44
First-Year Persistence and Progression Rates Within 150 Percent of Normal Time to Graduation in Public Higher Education Institutions¹

	Four-Year Colleges and Universities				Two-Year Colleges				Technical Institutes or Colleges			
	First-Year Persistence Rate ²		Progression Rate ³		First-Year Persistence Rate ²		Progression Rate ³		First-Year Persistence Rate ²		Progression Rate ³	
	2014 Cohort	Change 2009 to 2014	2009 Cohort	Change 2004 to 2009	2014 Cohort	Change 2009 to 2014	2012 Cohort	Change 2007 to 2012	2014 Cohort	Change 2009 to 2014	2012 Cohort	Change 2007 to 2012
SREB states	86	0.9	77	1.2	64	0.1	52	1.0	55	-1.3	46	-15.2
Alabama	85	-1.3	79	7.2	74	2.9	53	-6.8	60	-8.5	66	10.7
Arkansas	81	8.4	59	-7.3	56	1.5	48	0.8	—	—	—	—
Delaware	89	8.4	71	4.1	58	-3.2	48	20.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
Florida	87	1.0	77	3.4	66	-5.9	63	0.2	—	—	—	—
Georgia	85	1.5	78	0.1	62	0.1	46	0.4	55	-0.1	47	-15.2
Kentucky	83	-0.4	71	0.3	60	-6.3	42	-2.4	64	-7.1	43	-5.9
Louisiana	81	0.1	67	-0.4	54	-5.2	40	-8.3	52	-5.1	36	-11.2
Maryland	90	1.1	83	2.6	65	-3.1	55	1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mississippi	80	2.4	56	1.3	71	4.7	58	10.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Carolina	87	2.0	80	3.6	58	7.9	57	23.8	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oklahoma	83	4.2	69	-4.3	59	0.8	42	-3.2	—	—	—	—
South Carolina	85	-0.4	78	-0.1	62	2.1	41	-3.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tennessee	83	-1.3	74	1.5	58	-1.1	55	7.7	—	—	—	—
Texas	87	-0.5	83	-0.9	65	0.9	47	-7.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
Virginia	93	0.8	80	2.1	69	2.3	59	7.3	NA	NA	NA	NA
West Virginia	76	-0.7	77	2.0	52	-3.8	32	-12.8	—	—	—	—

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type in the state.

"—" indicates not available for one or both years.

¹ The rates are based on the first-time, full-time, bachelor's-seeking students who enrolled in public four-year institutions and on the first-time, full-time, degree- or certificate-seeking students who enrolled in public two-year colleges and technical institutes or colleges in the fall term.

² The SREB first-year persistence rate is the percentage of students who remained enrolled at the institution they first attended, as well as students who transferred to other colleges the next fall.

³ The SREB progression rate for four-year colleges and universities is the percentage of the entering group who, within 150 percent of normal program time (six years for most programs), either completed bachelor's degrees at or remained enrolled at their original institutions or transferred to other postsecondary institutions. The SREB progression rate for two-year colleges and technical institutes or colleges is the percentage of the entering class who, within 150 percent of normal program time (three years for most programs), either completed degrees or certificates at or remained enrolled at their original institutions or transferred to other postsecondary institutions.

Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

Table 45

**Three- and Six-Year Graduation Rates in Public Colleges and Universities¹,
by Race/Ethnicity Group**

	Four-Year Colleges and Universities									
	Six-Year Graduation Rate, 2015 2009 Cohort					Change From 2005 to 2009 Cohorts				
	All	Black	Hispanic	White	Asian	All	Black	Hispanic	White	Asian
50 states and D.C.	58.7	40.4	52.8	61.9	71.3	2.2	1.8	4.2	2.2	4.1
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	55.9 95.1	40.7 100.7	51.4 97.5	60.6 97.9	68.6 96.2	2.1	2.4	3.8	2.2	3.3
Alabama	50.9	31.6	52.3	59.0	61.6	2.5	-0.3	-1.4	3.2	3.1
Arkansas	42.6	24.4	39.4	49.0	49.7	2.6	2.3	0.8	3.9	0.3
Delaware	74.7	50.8	72.0	82.1	75.2	5.1	10.2	1.8	3.1	2.3
Florida	66.4	53.5	67.0	68.5	72.4	5.0	1.5	10.7	4.1	4.8
Georgia	51.2	39.2	50.3	55.4	69.0	-0.8	-2.4	1.9	0.7	3.5
Kentucky	49.8	33.1	50.2	51.8	63.8	1.9	-1.3	3.2	2.7	8.1
Louisiana	45.8	33.1	44.7	50.8	48.3	4.0	5.6	3.1	3.2	-6.7
Maryland	62.9	41.0	66.8	74.1	77.8	3.4	1.7	4.8	4.1	9.9
Mississippi	52.1	37.8	53.5	61.9	61.5	2.4	1.7	2.8	2.7	1.3
North Carolina	62.9	50.0	63.5	68.1	72.2	3.4	4.1	2.9	2.6	4.2
Oklahoma	47.7	29.5	45.2	51.9	64.5	0.3	-0.2	9.5	0.3	-1.0
South Carolina	61.5	46.7	60.3	65.1	68.0	1.5	1.1	2.8	1.1	2.7
Tennessee	49.0	39.3	46.7	51.8	56.4	1.8	3.2	4.4	1.3	3.1
Texas	51.4	35.3	43.5	59.0	64.3	1.6	3.7	1.6	1.9	3.1
Virginia	71.7	55.0	72.3	75.2	77.3	2.9	5.4	6.2	1.3	1.5
West Virginia	46.8	29.1	40.2	48.4	56.5	-0.4	1.8	2.4	0.0	7.4
West as a percent of U.S.	60.9 103.7	46.4 114.8	54.6 103.5	61.0 98.7	75.2 105.5	3.1	5.3	5.1	2.7	5.8
Alaska	30.6	21.9	29.2	35.1	28.2	3.3	9.8	20.1	3.8	4.0
Arizona	61.2	50.1	56.9	62.8	68.6	3.0	8.4	3.8	2.3	3.9
California	68.0	51.8	58.9	72.0	78.3	3.9	8.7	6.1	3.9	5.9
Colorado	54.8	35.1	42.8	57.9	59.3	3.8	2.3	4.4	4.4	7.6
Hawaii	53.1	25.8	40.2	41.1	64.5	1.6	-22.5	4.5	3.0	2.5
Idaho	41.6	30.5	34.8	42.5	45.7	5.0	9.4	5.6	5.0	0.8
Montana	44.7	17.9	32.2	45.7	54.7	-0.7	-4.4	-13.6	-0.9	9.0
Nevada	46.6	29.7	37.9	51.0	51.1	2.2	-5.9	-3.0	4.5	7.5
New Mexico	42.1	29.1	40.1	47.8	55.3	1.1	2.1	1.8	2.2	10.3
Oregon	58.2	36.1	53.6	58.4	65.5	4.2	-1.6	4.8	3.8	8.6
Utah	47.3	29.9	38.5	48.1	56.5	0.3	-1.5	3.6	0.1	4.2
Washington	68.6	54.6	60.8	68.5	79.6	0.3	2.5	0.1	0.0	5.0
Wyoming	55.5	25.0	45.8	56.8	61.5	2.3	-8.3	-5.1	3.6	5.3
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	58.7 100.0	33.0 81.6	50.0 94.7	61.7 99.8	68.3 95.8	1.4	-0.9	2.1	1.8	3.3
Illinois	61.7	36.1	49.6	68.6	71.5	-0.7	-1.0	2.0	0.9	0.7
Indiana	56.2	34.0	45.0	57.7	66.3	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.1	7.2
Iowa	71.0	48.1	64.4	72.4	64.1	2.2	-3.2	2.8	2.7	3.1
Kansas	54.3	35.2	44.0	57.1	57.0	1.5	6.6	-1.1	1.6	1.3
Michigan	62.1	34.0	56.8	65.5	76.4	1.2	-0.4	-3.6	1.9	2.7
Minnesota	58.5	39.6	48.1	59.6	63.0	2.0	5.0	6.2	1.2	5.7
Missouri	54.0	31.5	47.3	57.5	62.7	0.4	-1.6	-1.9	0.5	5.1
Nebraska	57.7	32.6	50.3	59.9	55.3	0.7	-2.7	1.5	1.3	-1.1
North Dakota	50.5	31.3	31.6	52.3	48.1	3.0	0.3	6.4	0.7	-8.1
Ohio	57.2	28.7	51.3	62.0	74.4	1.5	-3.8	-0.3	3.2	4.9
South Dakota	49.8	30.6	27.6	51.9	51.9	1.9	-5.3	-18.7	2.3	30.8
Wisconsin	60.7	30.3	50.9	62.6	56.3	1.3	-1.2	1.9	1.5	5.0
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	63.2 107.6	48.5 120.0	53.1 100.6	65.8 106.4	67.1 94.1	2.4	2.0	3.6	2.4	1.7
Connecticut	65.8	51.6	55.5	66.8	74.6	5.6	5.9	5.3	5.8	4.5
Maine	47.9	26.7	36.4	48.4	38.0	-2.4	-24.6	-0.3	-3.3	-4.6
Massachusetts	60.4	52.2	48.7	60.8	65.7	5.2	10.7	4.9	3.9	12.5
New Hampshire	71.0	56.9	60.5	72.2	67.5	2.6	-5.6	16.5	2.9	-0.1
New Jersey	68.1	52.9	58.4	72.1	75.2	1.6	-0.1	3.0	2.1	1.1
New York	60.7	48.1	48.5	65.0	62.4	2.5	2.6	2.5	2.7	1.0
Pennsylvania	64.5	45.7	59.1	67.3	68.5	1.5	0.2	4.4	1.3	0.3
Rhode Island	57.5	43.2	48.0	60.2	57.1	0.4	-2.9	6.7	1.7	-3.7
Vermont	65.9	63.6	68.5	65.8	72.7	4.1	11.8	12.1	3.7	10.4
District of Columbia	33.7	31.7	50.0	25.0	0.0	25.7	23.4	50.0	5.0	NA

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type.

¹ The rates are based on the first-time, full-time, bachelor's-seeking students who enrolled in public four-year institutions and on the first-time, full-time, degree- or certificate-seeking students who enrolled in public two-year colleges in the fall term.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 45
continued

Two-Year Colleges										
Three-Year Graduation Rate, 2015 2012 Cohort					Change From 2008 to 2012 Cohorts					
All	Black	Hispanic	White	Asian	All	Black	Hispanic	White	Asian	
21.0	10.9	18.2	24.4	28.9	1.1	0.1	2.6	2.0	1.7	50 states and D.C.
18.4	11.6	16.1	22.2	19.7	1.4	-0.6	1.3	2.8	2.1	SREB states as a percent of U.S.
87.8	106.7	88.1	90.8	68.2						
18.7	12.6	17.7	21.1	19.3	0.4	-3.1	-7.4	1.9	-9.2	Alabama
24.0	12.1	25.5	28.2	20.9	1.2	-1.4	3.6	2.7	-1.0	Arkansas
14.2	7.5	9.4	16.7	20.0	0.4	2.2	-4.3	0.9	2.2	Delaware
32.4	20.8	31.3	39.1	43.3	-4.4	-1.1	-3.7	-2.9	-2.4	Florida
17.2	12.0	18.9	24.0	12.0	6.2	5.6	7.1	9.8	0.6	Georgia
25.3	11.4	17.5	27.3	19.7	1.2	-2.3	-11.2	2.1	-2.7	Kentucky
14.2	9.4	13.2	19.1	21.8	7.8	4.7	9.1	10.9	13.0	Louisiana
17.0	7.4	15.1	22.3	21.0	3.0	1.9	1.7	4.2	5.5	Maryland
28.4	22.4	31.1	33.4	37.8	2.2	-1.1	12.7	4.8	11.3	Mississippi
17.8	9.5	18.1	22.4	16.3	-2.6	-5.9	-2.6	0.1	1.5	North Carolina
20.2	10.0	18.9	23.2	17.8	2.8	1.9	6.4	3.9	-2.0	Oklahoma
13.4	7.5	15.3	16.8	14.3	2.2	-1.3	4.6	4.3	1.3	South Carolina
15.6	4.8	12.9	18.3	12.3	3.5	1.7	2.2	3.9	2.2	Tennessee
14.0	8.6	14.5	15.9	14.2	1.4	-0.6	1.7	2.8	0.7	Texas
23.7	13.3	20.1	27.9	29.7	5.3	3.7	1.5	5.2	5.4	Virginia
14.0	10.5	16.7	14.2	22.2	2.8	7.1	12.8	2.1	11.1	West Virginia
26.0	13.7	21.9	27.5	41.0	2.7	1.3	1.3	2.2	6.9	West as a percent of U.S.
124.0	126.2	120.2	112.5	141.9						
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	Alaska
18.1	14.4	18.3	20.0	18.8	1.9	2.7	3.0	2.0	2.2	Arizona
29.0	14.7	23.1	32.4	45.0	4.2	2.6	5.0	5.2	8.4	California
21.1	9.2	14.0	25.7	17.9	-3.3	-3.8	-10.1	-1.1	-1.5	Colorado
17.7	11.8	15.0	24.6	20.2	2.1	-8.2	1.9	11.2	3.1	Hawaii
19.6	10.5	16.9	20.7	25.0	-0.8	-17.6	-2.5	0.5	25.0	Idaho
23.7	9.1	23.5	23.5	28.6	-8.7	-10.9	3.5	-13.1	3.6	Montana
30.4	33.3	32.1	27.3	35.3	13.7	28.6	13.1	12.4	6.7	Nevada
13.5	12.8	11.7	19.4	19.4	1.9	-0.6	1.3	6.1	-1.2	New Mexico
18.7	8.4	16.2	19.7	22.2	4.2	-0.7	3.0	4.6	8.8	Oregon
11.2	2.4	10.0	11.9	13.8	-17.0	-20.5	-8.7	-18.2	-6.7	Utah
27.0	11.0	28.6	26.6	28.4	-1.1	-6.5	6.3	-3.1	-3.3	Washington
30.5	16.7	26.5	31.4	25.0	-1.0	-5.1	-2.3	-0.8	18.3	Wyoming
21.9	6.6	16.8	25.8	18.0	0.5	-0.9	1.0	1.4	0.9	Midwest as a percent of U.S.
104.3	60.9	92.1	105.7	62.2						
25.0	10.4	15.8	32.1	22.6	4.8	0.5	2.0	7.4	8.1	Illinois
10.9	3.5	8.5	12.7	8.8	2.5	1.1	1.1	2.9	6.3	Indiana
28.2	8.2	20.4	31.8	24.1	-3.3	-4.1	-1.4	-1.9	-3.4	Iowa
27.5	15.0	27.7	30.4	24.8	-3.3	-3.3	-4.0	-2.6	-0.6	Kansas
13.4	2.9	12.7	16.7	12.0	-0.9	-3.2	-0.3	0.6	-1.0	Michigan
27.7	9.3	15.4	33.3	15.5	0.8	1.1	-2.9	2.8	-0.9	Minnesota
21.7	5.4	17.3	24.8	20.9	2.0	0.1	0.2	2.9	5.2	Missouri
28.3	5.2	20.7	32.5	19.4	-1.4	-5.3	3.0	0.0	-1.6	Nebraska
39.9	16.7	26.5	44.6	33.3	-7.8	6.7	26.5	-7.5	0.0	North Dakota
13.5	4.3	6.0	16.3	13.2	0.5	0.7	-3.6	0.9	-3.4	Ohio
60.5	16.7	44.8	64.9	36.4	10.3	9.5	-5.2	11.7	-10.3	South Dakota
21.5	8.0	16.0	23.5	12.4	-12.9	-2.7	-1.0	-7.6	-13.0	Wisconsin
20.5	11.6	15.9	24.9	22.0	2.4	2.9	4.4	2.9	3.2	Northeast as a percent of U.S.
97.7	106.4	87.0	102.0	76.2						
13.5	7.6	10.0	16.9	20.5	2.2	2.1	1.7	3.5	6.7	Connecticut
23.8	8.8	15.6	24.9	14.3	-2.1	-8.9	-4.0	-2.5	-1.7	Maine
17.5	9.7	11.8	21.0	14.6	1.3	1.2	1.5	2.6	0.0	Massachusetts
22.6	21.4	9.5	23.2	20.5	-3.5	-10.7	-9.2	-6.3	-12.8	New Hampshire
19.4	9.0	14.3	26.7	20.1	1.2	1.8	2.9	2.0	1.8	New Jersey
23.4	14.4	18.8	28.5	25.2	3.2	3.9	6.5	3.4	4.9	New York
16.8	7.8	12.6	19.7	16.3	2.2	1.4	1.9	3.4	-3.4	Pennsylvania
13.8	4.7	7.7	16.6	12.8	3.2	-1.9	1.2	4.6	0.3	Rhode Island
15.0	0.0	33.3	14.9	0.0	2.6	0.0	19.0	0.7	0.0	Vermont
NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	District of Columbia

COMPLETION

Table 46**Two- and Four-Year Graduation Rates in Public Universities and Colleges¹**

	Four-Year Colleges and Universities	Two-Year Colleges
	Four-Year Graduation Rate 2009 Cohort	Two-Year Graduation Rate 2012 Cohort
50 states and D.C.	34.8	10.0
SREB states	33.1	9.2
as a percent of U.S.	95.1	91.9
Alabama	27.4	10.4
Arkansas	23.2	14.4
Delaware	58.3	7.8
Florida	42.0	13.7
Georgia	26.1	8.5
Kentucky	25.7	12.9
Louisiana	22.3	7.1
Maryland	41.7	7.5
Mississippi	29.0	16.6
North Carolina	39.6	9.0
Oklahoma	24.7	11.6
South Carolina	43.7	6.9
Tennessee	23.6	7.1
Texas	27.8	6.2
Virginia	53.3	11.6
West Virginia	25.7	5.8
West	33.0	10.9
as a percent of U.S.	94.8	108.4
Alaska	10.7	NA
Arizona	42.2	9.5
California	35.7	10.9
Colorado	31.5	13.3
Hawaii	19.2	4.2
Idaho	19.1	9.8
Montana	20.2	19.4
Nevada	16.1	8.9
New Mexico	14.1	6.1
Oregon	33.8	9.8
Utah	20.5	5.9
Washington	43.6	15.4
Wyoming	25.8	20.4
Midwest	34.3	12.7
as a percent of U.S.	98.5	126.2
Illinois	41.2	11.0
Indiana	35.1	3.5
Iowa	44.2	19.8
Kansas	28.2	20.0
Michigan	34.8	6.6
Minnesota	37.1	17.7
Missouri	32.1	12.2
Nebraska	26.3	17.4
North Dakota	23.7	32.4
Ohio	34.6	6.0
South Dakota	26.8	49.0
Wisconsin	30.0	12.8
Northeast	42.5	8.3
as a percent of U.S.	122.1	82.7
Connecticut	45.7	3.8
Maine	28.6	9.6
Massachusetts	41.3	5.9
New Hampshire	56.8	11.2
New Jersey	43.4	7.2
New York	40.4	10.2
Pennsylvania	43.1	7.0
Rhode Island	35.2	4.6
Vermont	53.9	5.6
District of Columbia	11.6	NA

*NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type.

¹ The rates are based on the first-time, full-time, bachelor's degree-seeking students who enrolled in public four-year institutions and on the first-time, full-time, degree- or certificate-seeking students who enrolled in public two-year colleges in the fall term.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 47
Sub-Bachelor's Certificates Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total	Percent of Total					
		Public Colleges	Women Students	Foreign Students	Black Students ²		Hispanic Students ²
						Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	
2014-15							
50 states and D.C.	472,576	50.2	63.6	0.9	18.8	21.9	21.1
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	183,129 38.8	54.4	62.6	0.4	27.5	26.5	19.1
Alabama	4,701	49.2	68.8	0.3	43.7	65.3	2.1
Arkansas	7,455	77.2	65.9	0.3	22.8	6.2	4.8
Delaware	721	13.2	90.2	0.8	36.4	NA	10.7
Florida	30,154	38.9	61.7	0.7	24.4	8.8	29.8
Georgia	15,696	64.7	65.9	0.2	49.0	52.7	5.0
Kentucky	4,389	46.0	74.2	0.1	14.1	3.6	2.2
Louisiana	13,958	66.5	61.4	0.4	41.1	29.6	4.0
Maryland	5,427	43.0	66.6	0.7	45.6	38.6	6.8
Mississippi	5,839	81.8	53.9	0.0	46.1	26.5	1.8
North Carolina	10,499	62.1	66.3	0.6	31.5	24.2	6.4
Oklahoma	9,876	78.9	46.9	0.2	7.9	4.2	9.7
South Carolina	3,661	33.1	86.0	*	45.2	35.4	3.1
Tennessee	11,114	60.8	53.7	0.1	22.2	37.3	3.1
Texas	44,133	43.2	62.2	0.5	17.8	8.2	46.6
Virginia	12,313	59.9	65.6	0.6	27.2	24.0	9.1
West Virginia	3,193	75.3	64.1	0.1	8.0	NA	1.6
West as a percent of U.S.	134,375 28.4	54.6	62.5	1.5	6.5	1.0	35.2
Alaska	2,039	26.3	68.2	0.2	4.0	NA	25.8
Arizona	22,101	61.9	59.8	0.6	6.0	NA	33.8
California	71,041	51.6	62.2	2.2	7.5	1.7	44.5
Colorado	6,283	44.9	64.4	0.2	6.1	NA	27.4
Hawaii	1,392	64.7	59.8	4.5	2.5	NA	7.5
Idaho	1,952	51.0	70.3	0.4	1.1	NA	12.8
Montana	940	63.0	62.7	0.6	0.7	NA	2.6
Nevada	3,266	45.9	74.1	0.8	13.4	NA	29.8
New Mexico	5,029	92.4	60.5	1.1	4.0	NA	45.4
Oregon	4,388	58.1	69.2	0.5	2.5	NA	11.7
Utah	4,106	49.6	70.1	1.1	1.5	NA	12.3
Washington	10,162	57.1	65.4	0.9	6.6	NA	11.4
Wyoming	1,676	42.0	22.6	0.1	2.2	NA	9.3
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	93,359 19.8	57.4	65.3	1.0	16.1	21.1	6.6
Illinois	14,446	52.9	61.7	4.0	18.9	17.4	16.4
Indiana	12,674	69.6	67.3	0.3	14.5	15.0	5.9
Iowa	4,506	77.8	67.0	1.2	5.6	NA	5.7
Kansas	5,164	63.9	61.5	0.5	10.3	NA	11.4
Michigan	14,211	35.4	72.8	0.5	24.1	36.1	4.3
Minnesota	7,275	70.2	59.2	0.4	6.3	NA	4.4
Missouri	8,846	55.6	64.0	0.9	18.2	31.3	3.4
Nebraska	1,657	76.2	68.7	1.0	5.0	NA	9.7
North Dakota	768	50.5	65.0	0.4	1.5	NA	1.2
Ohio	15,002	44.2	67.6	0.3	24.4	18.3	2.8
South Dakota	825	74.3	68.6	NA	1.0	NA	4.0
Wisconsin	7,985	79.2	58.2	0.1	5.5	3.9	5.3
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	60,873 12.9	17.7	66.8	0.8	23.2	18.0	18.7
Connecticut	5,888	3.8	54.5	0.1	17.2	NA	23.2
Maine	1,160	37.7	66.8	0.4	12.6	85.0	2.0
Massachusetts	5,583	17.6	67.8	2.9	15.5	NA	18.0
New Hampshire	830	14.8	93.7	NA	2.2	NA	4.1
New Jersey	11,769	18.1	64.8	0.3	26.3	21.4	29.9
New York	18,705	18.7	71.9	1.4	25.9	13.5	20.8
Pennsylvania	15,734	19.4	64.1	0.2	25.8	27.1	9.0
Rhode Island	847	14.6	81.9	0.6	9.2	NA	15.2
Vermont	357	58.5	73.7	1.4	1.5	NA	2.3
District of Columbia	840	NA	40.8	0.1	53.4	70.1	11.0

* Less than one-tenth of 1 percent.

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type during the specified years.

¹ Figures include one- but less than two-year certificates and two- but less than four-year certificates (in the first major) awarded by all degree- and non-degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools. Less than one-year certificates are not included. Non-degree-granting institutions are not included in other tables. About 92 percent of the certificates reported here were one- but less than two-year certificates, and 73 percent were awarded by degree-granting institutions.

² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 48

Awards Earned at Online-Only Colleges and Universities, 2014-15¹

	Certificates ²	Associate	Bachelor's	Master's	Doctoral		
					Research/ Scholarship	Professional Practice	Other
50 states and D.C.	246	12,266	34,573	31,695	2,927	130	8
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	104 42.3	5,181 42.2	10,150 29.4	6,872 21.7	20 0.7	59 45.4	
Alabama		2,067	3,292	2,010	20		
Arkansas							
Delaware							
Florida	3	313	673	511			
Georgia		678	919	527			
Kentucky				433		59	
Louisiana							
Maryland							
Mississippi							
North Carolina							
Oklahoma	57						
South Carolina							
Tennessee							
Texas	44	72	8				
Virginia		2,051	5,258	3,391			
West Virginia							
West as a percent of U.S.	36 14.6	2,438 19.9	14,069 40.7	9,746 30.7	800 27.3	55 42.3	8 100.0
Alaska							
Arizona		522	812	1,444	692		
California		274	847	910	66		
Colorado	8	1,603	4,196	2,619	42	55	8
Hawaii							
Idaho							
Montana							
Nevada							
New Mexico							
Oregon	28	16		11			
Utah		23	8,214	4,762			
Washington							
Wyoming							
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	45 18.3	1,667 13.6	5,736 16.6	13,365 42.2	2,107 72.0	16 12.3	
Illinois		667	1,607	760			
Indiana							
Iowa							
Kansas		919	1,200	609			
Michigan							
Minnesota			2,914	11,996	2,107	16	
Missouri	45	81	15				
Nebraska							
North Dakota							
Ohio							
South Dakota							
Wisconsin							
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	61 24.8	2,980 24.3	4,618 13.4	1,712 5.4			
Connecticut		81	454				
Maine							
Massachusetts	8	65	110	106			
New Hampshire							
New Jersey							
New York		2,038	2,815	399			
Pennsylvania	53	796	1,194	1,192			
Rhode Island			45	15			
Vermont							
District of Columbia							

¹ Figures represent awards (in the first major) conferred by all degree-granting, online-only institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C.

² Includes one- but less than two-year certificates and two- but less than four-year certificates. Less than one-year certificates are not included.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 49

Associate Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total		Percent of Total											
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Public Colleges		Women Students		Foreign Students		Black Students ²				Hispanic Students ²	
	2014-15	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	Percent at PBIs or HBIs ³	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBIs ³	2009-10	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	1,001,643	18.2	75.6	82.1	62.0	61.0	1.9	1.8	13.5	17.7	13.7	8.6	13.4	18.3
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	365,171	28.1	83.1	84.4	63.1	62.3	1.7	1.5	19.3	22.9	20.0	12.1	14.8	18.1
Alabama	11,562	13.4	83.6	86.2	64.0	64.6	0.6	0.4	26.4	43.9	26.9	39.6	2.2	2.6
Arkansas	9,095	26.8	96.8	96.6	69.1	67.5	0.3	0.4	16.9	44.2	16.9	7.6	3.3	5.1
Delaware	2,039	20.2	87.4	91.9	62.0	60.9	3.6	1.9	15.6	NA	17.5	NA	4.5	6.6
Florida	94,375	18.5	79.5	77.1	61.8	62.7	2.1	1.7	17.8	6.0	18.9	2.6	22.8	26.0
Georgia	18,819	21.4	81.5	78.2	65.7	65.2	1.3	1.5	32.8	47.1	40.1	33.6	3.5	5.5
Kentucky	13,055	11.7	68.9	79.7	68.8	65.8	0.3	0.2	9.7	1.2	8.5	2.7	1.2	2.4
Louisiana	7,146	23.2	75.5	80.7	64.5	61.3	0.2	0.6	30.2	21.9	33.5	22.9	2.6	5.0
Maryland	16,919	38.1	93.5	96.0	62.1	58.7	2.9	3.5	24.2	39.8	24.2	25.6	4.9	8.0
Mississippi	13,320	35.6	95.7	96.4	68.1	64.0	0.0	0.1	36.0	51.6	34.9	9.9	0.9	1.4
North Carolina	31,876	40.5	90.4	90.8	65.1	63.1	0.9	1.2	19.7	10.9	20.9	7.2	3.5	6.7
Oklahoma	13,047	34.2	86.5	88.0	64.2	61.4	1.6	2.4	8.7	1.6	8.7	1.1	4.6	6.8
South Carolina	11,767	36.2	87.1	84.4	64.1	62.8	0.2	0.1	28.6	34.3	27.7	15.9	1.8	3.2
Tennessee	12,822	21.0	72.9	77.2	64.6	62.0	0.5	0.4	17.2	55.3	16.8	30.7	2.7	3.4
Texas	79,329	44.1	90.1	91.2	60.2	60.2	2.9	2.0	12.9	6.8	13.6	2.1	34.7	40.0
Virginia	25,554	23.6	68.8	72.1	61.8	61.1	1.0	1.1	25.2	24.8	23.5	7.2	5.6	8.9
West Virginia	4,446	11.5	68.0	80.8	65.1	65.3	0.4	0.5	5.7	0.5	6.5	NA	2.3	1.0
West as a percent of U.S.	272,786	18.1	69.9	82.3	61.7	59.9	2.6	2.6	7.7	0.9	6.0	NA	21.0	29.0
Alaska	1,715	45.1	84.1	77.6	64.0	64.7	1.6	0.4	5.1	NA	3.2	NA	6.0	10.9
Arizona	37,181	-25.7	26.7	50.0	65.5	61.2	1.5	1.1	14.1	NA	12.5	NA	14.1	23.0
California	133,259	31.2	83.1	86.4	61.4	60.0	2.8	2.5	7.4	2.1	6.4	NA	32.3	40.7
Colorado	12,389	-14.9	43.1	73.1	62.9	57.8	0.4	1.2	11.4	NA	5.3	NA	12.9	18.6
Hawaii	4,429	37.0	80.6	88.7	58.9	58.8	6.0	4.3	1.9	NA	1.9	NA	3.7	10.9
Idaho	5,152	47.6	55.7	63.0	65.6	65.3	2.0	1.4	0.6	NA	0.9	NA	4.3	8.1
Montana	2,477	41.9	92.7	92.2	64.2	63.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	NA	0.3	NA	2.0	2.5
Nevada	6,059	53.9	80.2	83.2	58.8	59.1	2.4	1.0	7.5	NA	6.9	NA	18.7	23.0
New Mexico	10,533	105.8	93.9	94.8	63.4	63.7	1.7	1.5	2.9	NA	2.9	NA	42.0	45.8
Oregon	13,663	49.7	89.3	93.8	59.6	57.9	1.2	1.3	2.5	NA	2.0	NA	6.1	10.7
Utah	12,959	17.2	86.9	84.7	56.6	58.3	2.3	1.5	0.8	NA	2.0	NA	5.4	7.1
Washington	29,998	30.4	96.5	97.4	57.6	57.7	6.1	7.6	4.0	NA	4.0	NA	9.0	10.8
Wyoming	2,972	3.8	83.5	94.7	55.5	60.7	2.4	1.9	1.1	NA	1.8	NA	6.9	6.9
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	214,518	10.6	73.9	80.9	61.5	60.8	0.7	0.8	10.8	18.4	11.2	6.5	4.4	6.7
Illinois	39,520	3.3	73.0	89.0	61.7	59.1	0.4	0.6	15.4	23.5	13.0	13.7	10.6	16.1
Indiana	17,243	3.2	61.5	72.2	61.7	63.5	0.4	0.1	11.5	5.8	11.9	3.9	2.9	4.1
Iowa	16,772	5.9	69.0	72.1	63.5	60.5	0.7	1.1	4.0	NA	9.4	NA	3.2	5.7
Kansas	11,124	32.1	90.4	87.9	60.5	60.3	1.9	1.7	8.7	NA	9.7	NA	6.9	9.7
Michigan	32,572	11.2	81.8	85.8	61.4	61.5	1.5	1.7	12.1	23.5	14.9	1.4	3.2	4.0
Minnesota	20,141	9.1	76.7	83.8	62.2	61.4	0.6	0.6	5.8	NA	7.2	23.7	1.7	4.2
Missouri	18,750	19.3	63.3	67.5	61.4	59.9	1.0	0.8	11.9	36.2	12.6	NA	2.5	4.2
Nebraska	5,712	17.5	83.8	90.2	54.2	55.7	0.5	0.7	5.1	NA	5.7	NA	4.0	7.6
North Dakota	2,309	-4.2	81.8	86.1	54.1	52.0	1.1	1.5	1.1	NA	3.3	NA	0.9	1.9
Ohio	33,386	13.8	67.7	74.7	62.6	62.7	0.5	0.5	13.7	17.0	13.2	5.4	1.9	2.8
South Dakota	2,479	27.0	81.5	84.8	55.6	51.8	0.1	0.0	0.8	NA	1.4	NA	1.3	1.8
Wisconsin	14,510	13.8	86.8	85.4	60.9	61.5	0.1	0.2	6.1	13.0	6.1	13.7	3.1	4.7
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	148,427	8.6	71.8	77.9	60.7	60.2	2.9	2.6	14.1	15.4	15.2	4.3	11.1	16.3
Connecticut	6,945	25.7	78.7	82.9	67.1	65.4	1.9	0.8	14.4	NA	14.1	NA	14.1	18.0
Maine	3,211	18.1	76.7	83.2	62.7	61.5	1.0	1.0	1.7	NA	2.2	NA	0.8	1.5
Massachusetts	14,291	15.3	79.3	85.3	61.4	60.9	3.1	1.7	10.2	9.9	12.5	NA	9.7	13.5
New Hampshire	3,034	3.4	63.7	66.5	61.9	61.4	0.1	0.1	1.5	NA	3.2	NA	3.4	3.6
New Jersey	23,154	20.2	96.3	93.7	59.9	58.0	4.2	2.5	12.1	18.0	15.2	5.9	14.2	20.9
New York	66,264	7.5	71.2	79.1	62.0	60.6	3.6	3.7	17.5	8.8	18.2	4.5	14.3	20.6
Pennsylvania	26,766	-2.3	56.1	61.1	58.1	59.6	1.0	1.3	13.3	38.9	14.1	6.1	4.5	7.3
Rhode Island	3,606	0.4	34.2	45.6	47.1	53.4	3.2	2.0	7.8	NA	6.9	NA	9.0	10.8
Vermont	1,156	-8.7	74.2	81.8	60.2	63.9	1.2	1.0	2.3	NA	1.9	NA	1.7	2.0
District of Columbia	741	117.3	32.0	37.2	49.9	61.9	4.1	1.2	61.8	90.3	55.9	55.6	5.6	11.4

¹ "NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type during the specified years.
¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.
² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black institutions (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

COMPLETION

Table 50
Associate Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields¹

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities											
	Humanities		Social and Behavioral Sciences		Sciences and Technologies		Business and Management		Education		Health Professions and Related Sciences	
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to	
	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	392,346	27.2	85,310	24.1	124,169	18.7	111,874	-4.7	17,173	0.7	197,679	11.9
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	169,775	34.2	20,262	29.3	41,332	29.3	32,872	16.9	7,263	10.6	75,870	21.8
	43.3		23.8		33.3		29.4		42.3		38.4	
Alabama	4,661	23.1	402	-35.6	1,597	5.6	1,030	9.9	0	-100.0	3,472	14.5
Arkansas	4,558	22.5	349	39.0	698	7.7	874	48.1	281	17.1	1,792	23.8
Delaware	424	10.7	283	96.5	290	16.5	266	-15.3	125	26.3	544	26.2
Florida	59,605	13.8	2,752	7.2	4,710	38.7	4,858	23.1	453	**	18,879	41.9
Georgia	6,965	11.9	1,127	60.5	2,319	28.9	2,343	7.9	631	24.0	4,492	34.4
Kentucky	5,190	44.5	779	7.7	1,365	1.6	938	-18.8	82	-18.8	3,763	0.2
Louisiana	1,743	57.3	550	16.5	1,788	49.7	925	5.8	37	-35.1	1,750	-6.1
Maryland	8,686	63.9	438	-14.3	1,741	42.9	2,403	20.2	482	13.1	2,768	17.0
Mississippi	4,877	52.2	893	60.6	1,943	55.1	1,232	10.6	692	4.1	3,264	15.3
North Carolina	13,575	70.4	1,410	33.9	4,249	32.5	2,774	15.9	1,129	-6.7	7,200	26.2
Oklahoma	2,797	61.9	1,369	33.3	2,186	45.2	1,925	37.0	635	-30.5	3,113	13.2
South Carolina	3,567	64.2	1,024	29.6	1,708	29.4	1,582	5.3	14	**	2,670	23.8
Tennessee	5,898	47.7	353	-30.8	1,677	17.8	1,041	-10.9	196	-27.9	3,292	14.7
Texas	39,049	60.3	4,997	49.9	10,656	35.5	6,523	31.3	2,332	22.2	12,037	23.2
Virginia	7,115	28.1	3,267	47.0	3,732	4.9	3,562	16.5	113	**	5,272	1.7
West Virginia	1,065	-0.4	269	43.9	673	40.5	596	15.3	61	27.1	1,562	6.8
West as a percent of U.S.	97,983	14.5	36,666	30.4	31,788	29.6	33,109	-3.4	3,621	-2.8	39,966	5.5
	25.0		43.0		25.6		29.6		21.1		20.2	
Alaska	417	41.4	97	106.4	271	25.5	371	44.4	18	12.5	479	59.1
Arizona	9,758	25.8	3,518	-60.4	5,316	-10.9	6,899	-55.7	1,016	-54.0	6,892	-13.8
California	36,780	-11.1	28,503	83.4	12,141	55.5	17,081	62.2	736	**	16,178	10.2
Colorado	5,730	16.1	299	-68.5	2,159	13.9	638	-66.6	92	**	2,640	-35.0
Hawaii	2,543	81.9	237	68.1	408	-20.2	363	-20.0	121	17.5	379	-5.0
Idaho	2,447	47.1	449	**	704	57.8	351	119.4	128	25.5	991	8.2
Montana	897	89.6	91	49.2	426	19.7	245	26.9	81	9.5	681	23.6
Nevada	1,681	17.1	613	107.1	1,409	115.4	739	52.7	187	21.4	1,135	125.6
New Mexico	5,134	183.6	961	156.3	1,082	48.4	944	41.1	377	40.7	1,715	77.7
Oregon	7,944	67.2	626	32.6	1,604	51.2	1,145	52.3	110	37.5	1,600	6.2
Utah	7,275	14.9	609	8.0	2,118	21.3	995	29.7	153	24.4	2,382	16.8
Washington	16,619	29.2	336	-13.8	4,415	44.1	3,141	32.2	383	56.3	4,320	26.2
Wyoming	758	50.7	327	25.8	735	-19.0	197	12.6	219	-10.2	574	9.5
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	77,186	37.6	13,187	3.3	31,705	4.7	23,137	-24.3	3,244	17.5	50,556	7.2
	19.7		15.5		25.5		20.7		18.9		25.6	
Illinois	17,120	33.8	1,805	8.9	3,885	8.9	1,879	-75.5	169	15.8	5,953	1.5
Indiana	2,520	34.3	1,238	56.3	3,305	-3.7	3,180	-17.5	529	67.9	5,872	-1.6
Iowa	6,682	13.9	1,310	14.0	2,272	3.7	1,482	-35.0	339	NA	3,964	45.7
Kansas	5,632	42.9	422	13.7	1,382	40.2	730	6.1	116	-44.0	2,499	27.2
Michigan	14,446	48.2	2,199	-15.7	4,220	-3.3	3,970	-12.5	331	-43.1	6,298	-1.1
Minnesota	7,360	27.6	1,230	1.4	2,796	10.6	2,166	-3.9	270	49.2	5,310	1.8
Missouri	8,728	32.5	1,156	38.6	2,500	3.0	1,353	31.5	485	9.5	3,843	2.8
Nebraska	1,627	50.2	381	5.0	1,516	6.3	743	13.1	73	49.0	1,217	8.0
North Dakota	774	-5.1	68	-2.9	810	6.3	208	-27.8	24	0.0	384	-5.0
Ohio	9,445	80.5	2,131	-11.8	5,573	-2.8	3,991	-3.7	538	19.6	10,393	4.9
South Dakota	95	25.0	196	58.1	924	46.0	528	29.4	23	-37.8	646	8.0
Wisconsin	2,757	19.9	1,051	-10.6	2,522	13.4	2,907	5.9	347	7.1	4,177	26.8
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	47,290	17.4	15,165	24.4	19,299	8.4	22,586	-7.2	3,005	-24.4	30,978	6.0
	12.1		17.8		15.5		20.2		17.5		15.7	
Connecticut	2,635	24.4	560	-6.0	488	50.6	1,057	-2.8	188	**	1,775	46.9
Maine	481	31.1	349	26.4	628	38.3	487	6.3	135	90.1	974	5.6
Massachusetts	4,368	29.7	1,662	25.1	1,775	18.6	2,213	-1.7	591	33.7	2,962	3.9
New Hampshire	680	48.1	243	-37.0	475	17.9	621	1.0	136	24.8	714	-9.3
New Jersey	10,305	19.3	2,161	18.7	1,875	29.0	2,687	3.1	652	-29.9	4,074	34.7
New York	23,024	13.9	7,288	38.0	7,759	22.0	11,527	-6.6	456	-64.1	11,679	-5.7
Pennsylvania	4,585	7.5	2,686	17.3	5,614	-10.8	3,600	-13.5	755	-27.8	7,786	6.9
Rhode Island	899	72.2	134	-18.8	547	-33.1	214	-65.0	43	4.9	699	50.0
Vermont	313	-7.7	82	64.0	138	-29.6	180	-14.3	49	8.9	315	6.4
District of Columbia	112	**	30	200.0	45	104.5	170	93.2	40	67	309	81.8

** Indicates increase of greater than 200 percent.

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no degree of this type in one or both of the years.

Note: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: *humanities* (English language, literature and letters; French language and literature; foreign languages and literature; liberal arts, general studies and humanities; philosophy and religion; theological studies and religious vocations; and visual and performing arts); *social and behavioral sciences* (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); *sciences and technologies* (agricultural business and production; agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; life sciences and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairs; and precision production trades); *business and management* (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; vocational home economics; and transportation and material moving); *education* (all subfields); and *health professions and related sciences* (all subfields). Not included were degrees in communications; communications technologies; personal and miscellaneous services; law and legal studies; library sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; and parks, recreation, leisure and fitness.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 51
Percent Distribution of Associate Degree Graduates and Time- and Credits-to-Degree¹
Public Two-Year Colleges, 2014-15

	Graduates Began as First-Time College Students at Awarding College						Transfer Students at Awarding College	First-Time or Transfer Unknown			Percent of Graduates					
	With Record of Enrollment in College Credits While in High School ²			With No Record of Enrollment in College Credits While in High School				Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Who Attended Full Time When First Enrolled	Who Attended Part Time When First Enrolled	Full or Part Time Unknown
	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree										
Alabama	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	
Arkansas	15.8	4.4	80.7	52.0	5.3	83.1	31.7	4.1	64.8	0.5	0.0	0.0	65.9	33.6	0.5	
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	
Florida	15.4	2.5	69.3	51.3	4.7	76.4	23.6	3.3	49.5	9.6	4.4	70.4	55.0	32.0	13.0	
Georgia	2.5	3.2	77.9	56.3	4.6	83.9	40.3	3.6	61.4	0.7	0.0	72.0	61.3	37.9	0.7	
Kentucky	12.9	3.8	76.6	28.2	4.9	86.5	29.8	5.7	58.6	19.8	6.0	79.3	50.4	20.5	19.8	
Louisiana	8.5	3.1	—	38.1	5.7	—	53.5	4.3	—	0.0	0.0	—	66.8	33.0	0.2	
Maryland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Mississippi	6.7	3.7	—	43.8	3.3	—	25.0	4.1	—	24.5	6.0	—	58.4	17.1	24.5	
North Carolina	17.4	4.4	81.5	68.4	4.1	84.2	13.3	2.9	66.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	49.6	49.5	0.0	
Oklahoma	17.2	2.6	—	46.7	5.1	—	35.4	4.2	—	0.6	0.0	—	60.3	39.1	0.6	
South Carolina	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tennessee	1.1	3.1	—	47.3	4.4	—	15.2	7.5	—	36.5	4.1	—	45.8	17.8	36.5	
Texas	10.7	3.5	65.2	37.2	4.7	84.8	29.3	3.6	59.1	22.8	4.6	51.8	35.5	41.7	22.8	
Virginia	9.8	3.1	103.5	46.9	5.4	99.6	25.2	4.4	77.7	17.5	6.3	79.7	39.8	42.2	17.5	
West Virginia	8.5	3.7	—	39.8	4.3	—	44.1	3.5	—	7.7	6.2	—	72.4	19.9	7.7	

“—” indicates not available. State did not participate.

¹ Time-to-degree refers to time spent at the institution awarding the degree. Credits-to-degree refers to credits attempted at the institution awarding the degree. Additional details by institutional category and by institution are available online.

² States use a variety of terms for enrollment in college credits while in high school, including dual enrollment, early college, and concurrent enrollment.
 Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

Table 52

Percent Distribution of Bachelor's Degree Graduates and Time- and Credits-to-Degree¹ Public Four-Year Colleges and Universities, 2014-15

	Graduates Began as First-Time College Students at Awarding College						Transfer Students at Awarding College	First-Time or Transfer Unknown			Percent of Graduates					
	With Record of Enrollment in College Credits While in High School ²			With No Record of Enrollment in College Credits While in High School				Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Who Attended Full Time When First Enrolled	Who Attended Part Time When First Enrolled	Full or Part Time Unknown
	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree	Percent of Graduates	Average Years-to-Degree	Average Credits-to-Degree										
Alabama	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Arkansas	19.9	4.4	136.7	41.9	5.6	133.8	37.1	3.7	87.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	82.2	16.8	1.0	
Delaware	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Florida	21.9	4.5	—	24.8	5.2	—	50.5	3.5	—	2.8	6.4	—	80.0	17.2	2.8	
Georgia	1.4	4.8	134.6	51.5	5.2	137.5	46.9	3.8	91.6	0.1	0.0	141.8	82.4	17.5	0.1	
Kentucky	16.4	4.8	133.6	40.1	5.1	138.9	36.0	5.9	86.1	5.3	6.8	96.1	81.4	11.2	5.3	
Louisiana	18.8	4.2	—	47.1	5.6	—	34.1	3.9	—	0.0	0.0	—	92.1	7.8	0.1	
Maryland	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Mississippi	10.8	4.8	—	35.7	5.1	—	47.7	3.5	—	5.9	4.5	—	83.7	10.4	5.9	
North Carolina	0.8	4.6	142.8	60.8	4.8	133.5	36.9	3.4	87.0	1.4	4.0	100.1	90.6	7.3	2.0	
Oklahoma	18.0	4.2	—	40.6	5.2	—	39.9	3.9	—	1.5	0.0	—	79.2	19.3	1.5	
South Carolina	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0.0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tennessee	14.4	3.8	—	39.7	4.6	—	28.3	6.7	—	17.5	3.9	—	74.9	7.6	17.5	
Texas	17.6	4.5	120.5	22.4	4.9	130.8	53.9	3.4	79.0	6.1	3.8	54.2	74.2	19.7	6.1	
Virginia	0.5	4.6	144.8	66.7	4.6	136.0	31.3	3.6	84.9	1.4	6.6	91.8	90.9	7.7	1.4	
West Virginia	18.0	4.6	—	47.2	5.3	—	29.6	3.9	—	5.2	6.1	—	90.4	4.4	5.2	

“—” indicates not available. State did not participate.

¹ Time-to-degree refers to time spent at the institution awarding the degree. Credits-to-degree refers to credits attempted at the institution awarding the degree. Additional details by institutional category and by institution are available online.

² States use a variety of terms for enrollment in college credits while in high school, including dual enrollment, early college, and concurrent enrollment.
Source: SREB-State Data Exchange.

Table 53

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total		Percent of Total											
	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15		Public Colleges		Women Students		Foreign Students		Black Students ²				Hispanic Students ²	
			2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³		Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	
											2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	1,856,952	13.0	63.6	64.7	57.2	57.2	2.9	4.1	10.1	23.0	10.5	16.2	8.7	12.0
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	613,118	15.8	73.9	74.1	58.3	57.9	2.3	2.8	16.3	35.8	16.5	27.1	9.6	12.6
Alabama	26,768	4.3	80.4	85.2	57.1	58.7	1.9	2.3	23.8	37.4	22.7	35.6	1.9	2.5
Arkansas	15,881	26.8	80.1	81.6	58.8	57.5	3.2	3.7	13.4	31.0	12.9	24.3	2.1	4.2
Delaware	6,895	25.5	69.1	66.0	62.0	63.2	0.9	3.6	15.5	43.7	16.2	37.6	4.0	5.4
Florida	99,848	19.8	65.9	68.4	57.5	57.4	3.0	3.3	15.0	19.3	15.2	16.1	18.4	23.7
Georgia	48,943	15.9	72.0	75.4	59.6	59.7	2.5	3.0	24.2	45.5	26.2	24.6	3.6	5.7
Kentucky	22,608	11.0	76.3	77.3	58.8	57.5	1.6	2.6	7.3	9.2	7.9	8.2	1.4	2.3
Louisiana	22,247	6.5	85.9	82.2	59.8	60.1	2.7	2.5	23.2	45.1	22.3	41.8	3.0	4.3
Maryland	33,219	20.5	76.8	79.1	58.2	56.3	2.2	2.8	21.5	42.1	22.4	32.8	4.1	7.2
Mississippi	14,296	10.4	83.1	84.4	60.7	60.5	0.8	1.6	31.4	50.7	30.2	41.1	1.2	2.2
North Carolina	52,889	13.7	70.3	70.6	59.8	58.8	1.7	2.1	20.8	53.2	20.2	43.2	3.1	4.9
Oklahoma	20,730	6.1	80.6	80.1	57.9	56.7	3.9	4.9	7.9	17.8	7.6	14.4	3.6	6.2
South Carolina	24,823	14.3	73.1	73.2	58.6	58.8	1.2	1.7	20.1	41.7	19.4	31.4	2.3	3.7
Tennessee	34,197	15.1	61.4	61.1	58.3	57.9	1.6	2.0	15.8	31.1	15.5	21.3	2.3	3.2
Texas	122,157	16.7	79.1	78.6	58.5	57.8	2.6	3.2	10.3	21.3	10.7	16.4	24.0	28.8
Virginia	56,878	28.9	72.3	63.9	57.3	56.0	2.2	2.2	15.6	39.8	16.5	27.3	4.1	6.5
West Virginia	10,739	-10.7	70.2	88.6	49.9	52.7	1.7	2.6	5.7	11.4	5.5	13.6	3.0	2.1
West as a percent of U.S.	412,608	18.9	69.4	68.0	56.7	57.2	3.2	4.3	4.6	0.1	5.4	NA	14.7	20.1
Alaska	1,932	19.3	92.5	93.3	62.4	59.6	3.4	2.1	2.3	NA	2.5	NA	4.4	7.4
Arizona	57,722	30.2	47.4	46.0	60.0	63.1	2.5	2.3	8.6	NA	10.4	NA	13.1	17.6
California	200,269	22.0	73.3	67.9	57.1	57.3	3.6	4.9	5.1	NA	6.2	NA	21.2	27.8
Colorado	29,430	3.1	73.0	80.5	55.6	54.7	1.3	3.1	4.6	NA	3.4	NA	8.6	12.9
Hawaii	6,966	29.3	66.7	66.0	59.5	57.7	11.2	7.6	2.4	NA	2.4	NA	5.4	9.2
Idaho	10,886	15.0	55.6	60.0	55.1	54.6	2.9	3.4	0.8	NA	1.1	NA	4.4	6.2
Montana	6,156	17.7	89.3	86.9	54.0	54.8	1.9	2.7	0.5	NA	0.8	NA	1.8	2.9
Nevada	8,519	17.2	86.1	90.4	58.8	57.6	4.2	4.1	6.9	NA	6.0	NA	12.9	17.6
New Mexico	8,791	13.1	85.4	91.4	59.4	57.3	2.7	3.7	3.2	NA	3.2	NA	43.2	47.3
Oregon	22,656	20.0	72.1	76.2	56.2	55.9	2.6	5.3	1.9	NA	2.3	NA	5.3	8.1
Utah	23,946	9.2	57.3	65.8	49.0	49.5	3.2	3.2	0.7	NA	1.1	NA	4.0	6.3
Washington	33,309	9.0	74.8	76.0	56.1	56.0	3.3	5.9	3.1	1.5	3.3	NA	6.0	8.7
Wyoming	2,026	13.4	99.8	99.8	57.9	55.9	2.1	3.4	1.2	NA	1.2	NA	3.8	5.9
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	436,001	7.2	60.7	63.3	56.4	56.8	2.7	4.5	7.3	6.7	7.3	2.6	3.8	5.4
Illinois	72,710	2.6	47.9	45.1	56.0	57.9	2.2	3.9	11.1	11.8	10.8	0.3	8.3	11.2
Indiana	48,082	15.3	64.4	67.4	54.8	56.0	3.4	6.8	6.3	3.8	6.6	2.2	3.3	4.8
Iowa	28,201	-7.0	37.1	45.5	60.3	57.8	1.9	5.1	7.1	NA	6.4	NA	3.6	5.1
Kansas	18,881	5.9	78.5	78.8	55.7	55.5	7.6	9.6	4.5	NA	5.0	NA	4.3	6.5
Michigan	59,970	7.0	75.0	76.9	55.4	55.7	2.8	4.2	8.6	4.6	8.2	0.6	3.0	3.8
Minnesota	33,812	5.8	60.1	63.3	56.6	56.8	3.0	4.8	3.7	NA	4.5	NA	2.0	3.0
Missouri	41,146	3.8	49.6	53.7	59.1	57.2	2.4	4.1	10.1	7.8	9.5	5.7	3.5	4.4
Nebraska	14,080	11.8	59.4	63.1	54.7	57.0	1.4	3.1	4.6	NA	3.7	NA	3.5	7.6
North Dakota	6,291	9.8	84.9	89.1	53.1	52.6	7.8	4.8	1.4	NA	2.3	NA	1.2	2.2
Ohio	69,635	14.2	64.3	67.9	55.9	56.9	1.9	3.8	7.8	8.9	8.2	7.9	2.3	3.4
South Dakota	5,638	13.3	74.2	78.5	56.5	57.5	0.7	1.5	1.1	NA	1.6	NA	0.9	2.4
Wisconsin	37,555	10.1	72.6	73.0	56.7	56.7	2.0	2.8	3.0	NA	3.2	2.3	2.7	4.1
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	385,953	9.8	47.3	49.0	57.1	56.7	3.6	5.1	8.7	8.1	9.2	2.7	7.4	10.4
Connecticut	21,890	12.4	52.0	49.8	57.4	55.7	2.3	3.0	7.7	NA	9.0	NA	7.1	9.7
Maine	7,418	4.7	60.4	56.1	56.9	58.1	4.5	3.3	1.6	NA	2.6	NA	1.3	3.1
Massachusetts	59,515	14.0	31.1	34.2	57.1	56.9	3.9	7.1	6.5	NA	7.0	NA	6.4	9.1
New Hampshire	11,832	25.9	54.4	44.6	58.0	58.3	2.1	2.3	2.1	NA	3.0	NA	2.6	4.0
New Jersey	42,016	16.7	71.9	74.8	56.3	55.7	2.5	2.3	10.8	3.9	11.4	NA	12.6	16.5
New York	133,581	8.0	43.4	46.4	57.9	57.6	5.2	7.0	11.4	11.9	11.9	2.9	10.6	14.3
Pennsylvania	91,856	5.6	50.5	51.5	56.3	56.1	2.2	3.7	7.7	9.9	7.8	6.6	3.2	5.1
Rhode Island	11,685	9.7	35.5	36.9	56.6	56.4	3.3	5.4	5.0	NA	5.7	NA	5.8	9.0
Vermont	6,160	4.6	55.2	54.7	51.9	51.7	1.8	2.6	1.5	NA	1.7	NA	2.6	4.5
District of Columbia	9,272	7.1	5.0	3.6	59.8	60.5	4.5	5.5	26.1	81.8	26.8	64.6	6.1	8.9

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no institution of this type in one or both of the years.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black institutions (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 54

Bachelor's Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields¹

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities											
	Humanities		Social and Behavioral Sciences		Sciences and Technologies		Business and Management		Education		Health Professions and Related Sciences	
	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15
50 states and D.C.	222,800	-5.0	407,344	10.5	375,187	30.2	356,178	-0.9	90,353	-10.8	208,289	60.9
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	69,850	2.8	128,881	15.0	121,928	34.8	121,897	1.6	31,454	-8.7	66,457	53.0
	31.4		31.6		32.5		34.2		34.8		31.9	
Alabama	2,105	3.0	5,316	1.9	5,312	16.3	6,014	-11.9	2,219	-14.6	3,498	42.7
Arkansas	1,945	13.3	2,821	27.1	2,859	39.3	2,947	12.9	1,471	11.9	2,017	33.8
Delaware	421	-11.9	1,325	12.5	1,209	61.4	1,472	0.7	516	0.4	1,003	131.1
Florida	10,458	12.5	21,997	23.1	17,260	37.2	23,563	1.5	4,729	-15.7	12,573	70.0
Georgia	5,673	-2.1	10,273	21.3	10,290	38.2	10,046	1.0	3,559	-14.6	4,351	40.9
Kentucky	2,839	-0.2	4,986	25.7	4,044	26.8	3,746	-11.6	1,932	-11.3	2,454	45.6
Louisiana	2,829	-20.0	3,979	9.6	4,642	21.9	4,257	-7.8	1,540	-2.0	3,098	32.2
Maryland	3,321	-5.1	8,173	14.2	8,334	47.9	5,945	14.3	1,438	16.8	2,643	43.1
Mississippi	1,336	7.8	2,681	17.3	2,576	21.4	2,673	-10.2	1,368	-28.8	1,787	56.3
North Carolina	5,359	4.7	13,153	14.6	10,959	32.8	8,906	0.4	3,271	-20.4	5,024	37.0
Oklahoma	2,849	9.0	3,317	2.7	4,095	25.0	4,347	-0.8	1,532	-16.5	2,103	7.8
South Carolina	3,004	3.0	4,845	9.6	5,271	44.3	5,532	2.8	1,685	-16.8	2,100	45.7
Tennessee	4,967	2.9	6,702	8.5	5,699	29.8	6,282	2.9	2,144	53.7	3,807	45.9
Texas	12,924	1.4	22,607	10.5	25,409	35.8	24,200	2.9	1,709	-23.8	14,132	80.5
Virginia	8,003	5.5	14,739	26.0	11,846	46.3	10,434	23.9	1,505	68.9	4,834	66.9
West Virginia	1,817	9.6	1,967	-23.5	2,123	11.4	1,533	-29.5	836	-1.2	1,033	-8.9
West as a percent of U.S.	50,653	-4.5	98,416	15.3	85,782	32.9	76,334	2.8	15,293	14.8	42,265	78.0
	22.7		24.2		22.9		21.4		16.9		20.3	
Alaska	194	-2.5	451	19.6	475	26.3	379	14.2	96	33.3	184	21.1
Arizona	3,729	13.0	9,946	14.0	8,549	30.0	13,420	-10.3	3,160	33.0	11,969	139.6
California	27,274	-6.9	53,338	18.8	41,896	31.0	36,445	18.1	4,730	72.9	15,518	79.2
Colorado	3,391	-16.2	6,775	8.2	7,248	23.2	5,271	-26.3	269	19.6	2,466	49.7
Hawaii	698	0.9	1,836	23.8	1,171	61.5	1,478	14.0	401	44.8	699	58.9
Idaho	1,440	15.6	1,965	22.3	2,380	39.2	1,678	-5.6	815	-28.0	1,560	46.1
Montana	664	-5.7	1,242	25.6	1,802	37.9	940	-5.3	596	17.3	537	69.9
Nevada	808	-8.1	1,877	18.1	1,527	42.7	2,223	12.5	380	-29.9	935	56.6
New Mexico	1,699	34.6	1,836	6.2	1,888	31.5	1,476	-7.9	774	-12.2	780	23.2
Oregon	3,368	-3.4	6,029	23.2	4,981	45.6	3,369	4.1	511	-15.5	2,021	37.9
Utah	2,762	11.8	5,055	4.7	5,016	25.9	3,857	-14.0	1,921	-14.0	2,875	62.3
Washington	4,488	-15.7	7,647	1.5	8,281	46.9	5,531	3.0	1,434	1.5	2,472	40.9
Wyoming	138	25.5	419	1.9	568	25.4	267	21.4	206	-19.5	249	40.7
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	48,010	-9.3	82,296	2.1	88,316	23.2	85,919	-9.0	28,673	-15.3	59,142	63.6
	21.5		20.2		23.5		24.1		31.7		28.4	
Illinois	9,902	-8.8	13,743	-2.5	13,815	15.3	12,782	-22.3	3,849	-38.1	11,654	144.2
Indiana	5,642	-7.5	8,445	15.1	10,165	34.3	9,813	3.5	2,880	-29.1	6,883	70.0
Iowa	2,539	-16.7	5,499	-30.1	5,580	31.5	5,746	-30.4	1,941	1.0	3,402	77.3
Kansas	1,987	-29.8	2,954	-5.4	3,526	18.8	4,546	18.0	1,591	-8.4	2,282	48.0
Michigan	5,982	-1.6	12,476	10.5	12,873	13.6	11,634	-8.9	3,251	-19.0	7,396	43.3
Minnesota	3,896	-18.2	6,957	7.7	7,333	21.3	6,301	-9.8	2,151	-9.9	3,393	61.6
Missouri	4,606	-2.4	7,546	3.3	7,658	24.0	8,952	-11.5	3,066	-7.7	5,419	16.6
Nebraska	1,054	-2.4	2,613	14.3	2,439	16.2	3,588	1.8	1,362	11.1	1,841	27.8
North Dakota	443	15.7	992	18.5	1,539	33.9	1,315	-18.0	630	9.2	879	20.2
Ohio	7,500	-11.4	13,015	5.5	13,288	29.8	13,147	0.8	4,835	-7.4	11,159	77.1
South Dakota	428	5.7	910	-4.1	1,353	10.3	725	-10.0	539	12.8	1,190	62.3
Wisconsin	4,031	-4.5	7,146	6.1	8,747	32.0	7,370	-1.6	2,578	-3.9	3,644	32.1
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	53,416	-10.2	94,086	8.1	77,961	29.0	70,276	1.5	14,868	-24.1	39,744	54.6
	24.0		23.1		20.8		19.7		16.5		19.1	
Connecticut	2,913	-16.0	6,404	7.2	3,861	46.4	3,848	7.4	626	-4.7	2,471	60.4
Maine	839	-2.4	1,748	-1.0	1,758	22.1	928	4.3	447	-34.3	1,088	40.9
Massachusetts	7,847	-9.4	14,991	5.4	13,036	35.9	10,678	6.2	1,619	18.9	5,983	66.7
New Hampshire	1,614	24.8	2,938	23.8	2,092	46.5	2,482	11.5	498	-2.5	1,087	98.4
New Jersey	5,887	-0.9	10,807	7.7	8,151	36.5	7,635	11.6	1,788	-11.9	3,650	89.3
New York	21,326	-12.2	33,770	9.2	25,187	27.2	24,198	0.7	4,787	-35.0	12,806	49.6
Pennsylvania	10,729	-14.6	18,823	8.0	20,153	22.2	17,061	-6.8	4,482	-25.6	11,362	43.2
Rhode Island	1,252	-4.4	2,987	13.0	2,185	22.5	2,679	6.1	401	-41.1	907	60.2
Vermont	1,009	-8.2	1,618	-3.8	1,538	17.9	767	-6.8	220	-23.6	390	43.4
District of Columbia	871	-16.7	3,665	4.5	1,200	15.1	1,752	3.1	65	-8.5	681	42.2

Note: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: *humanities* (English language, literature and letters; French language and literature; foreign languages and literature; liberal arts, general studies and humanities; philosophy and religion; theological studies and religious vocations; and visual and performing arts); *social and behavioral sciences* (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); *sciences and technologies* (agricultural business and production; agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; life sciences and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairs; and precision production trades); *business and management* (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; vocational home economics; and transportation and material moving); *education* (all subfields); and *health professions and related sciences* (all subfields). Not included were degrees in communications; communications technologies; personal and miscellaneous services; law and legal studies; library sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; and parks, recreation, leisure and fitness.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.edu.gov/ipeds.

Table 55

Master's Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total		Percent of Total											
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Public Colleges		Women Students		Foreign Students		Black Students ²				Hispanic Students ²	
	2014-15	2009-10 to 2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2009-10	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	727,009	5.5	46.7	47.7	60.3	59.4	11.8	16.1	12.2	13.7	13.0	8.4	7.1	9.3
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	224,251	13.6	66.1	63.9	59.9	59.4	10.1	13.1	16.7	26.4	18.2	16.6	7.9	9.8
Alabama	9,790	-13.0	83.3	90.8	60.7	64.3	6.4	8.1	25.5	29.8	23.2	16.2	1.9	2.2
Arkansas	4,899	18.7	85.7	88.6	64.0	63.6	7.9	9.0	12.2	14.3	11.4	4.8	1.8	2.7
Delaware	3,112	28.4	31.7	31.5	64.7	61.8	6.6	24.7	19.6	19.9	27.1	10.0	3.0	2.8
Florida	32,849	10.9	53.0	53.6	59.4	58.4	9.6	12.2	16.4	12.8	17.8	5.7	16.9	20.9
Georgia	16,692	4.6	63.6	63.0	60.6	59.9	10.7	12.8	25.7	40.8	28.9	23.0	2.9	4.2
Kentucky	8,881	11.6	69.4	64.1	64.9	63.1	5.5	7.8	7.0	5.4	8.1	3.0	1.4	2.1
Louisiana	7,332	10.4	68.2	69.9	62.9	62.2	13.6	15.6	23.4	48.2	23.3	49.3	3.4	4.2
Maryland	18,428	17.2	56.5	57.4	59.3	58.6	9.3	14.3	22.6	18.3	23.2	13.9	3.6	5.2
Mississippi	5,017	19.4	73.2	69.4	65.7	64.2	5.8	7.4	31.2	49.5	34.6	35.1	0.9	1.4
North Carolina	17,237	15.8	69.7	64.6	59.2	57.1	9.4	14.1	16.5	40.8	16.5	30.0	2.8	3.8
Oklahoma	6,532	9.8	76.5	77.2	56.3	55.2	15.0	13.2	10.0	15.8	10.2	9.3	3.2	5.2
South Carolina	5,990	8.7	72.6	75.5	65.0	62.2	6.9	9.1	16.4	24.3	18.7	11.6	1.9	3.9
Tennessee	11,807	12.9	52.6	47.3	63.3	62.8	5.7	6.6	14.8	23.7	15.4	12.5	1.9	2.5
Texas	48,762	22.7	76.8	73.1	58.2	57.0	15.2	20.6	12.1	20.8	12.8	12.6	18.2	21.4
Virginia	23,790	32.4	64.1	48.2	58.4	59.5	8.5	6.4	14.6	22.6	20.8	12.5	3.4	5.1
West Virginia	3,133	-38.1	50.5	85.2	49.3	60.2	6.1	10.1	6.6	0.7	5.1	2.2	3.8	2.7
West as a percent of U.S.	149,099	1.8	43.1	45.3	59.7	60.2	10.6	13.9	9.1	0.4	9.7	NA	11.7	14.7
Alaska	703	3.2	91.0	91.0	66.7	62.0	7.8	4.6	2.5	NA	1.5	NA	2.6	5.1
Arizona	26,341	-24.4	19.9	30.5	66.2	65.3	7.4	8.9	20.2	NA	19.3	NA	8.9	12.1
California	73,716	13.8	44.7	39.6	57.4	58.8	14.4	18.5	7.3	0.3	9.8	NA	16.9	19.6
Colorado	12,066	-7.6	45.8	58.7	57.5	58.1	5.7	10.2	7.7	NA	4.0	NA	6.8	9.1
Hawaii	1,856	-8.1	60.2	55.8	61.9	61.1	17.9	12.7	2.3	NA	3.9	NA	4.6	7.6
Idaho	1,957	16.5	86.6	84.4	53.0	53.2	7.1	5.8	1.0	NA	1.7	NA	3.2	4.6
Montana	1,300	14.0	93.9	93.1	58.2	55.5	3.1	3.5	0.2	NA	0.6	NA	0.7	2.9
Nevada	2,266	-12.0	73.9	75.5	64.5	60.6	7.6	5.4	7.9	NA	7.8	NA	8.9	12.0
New Mexico	3,371	10.3	80.8	89.1	63.0	61.1	10.0	9.3	2.9	NA	3.8	NA	35.6	36.6
Oregon	10,342	52.6	60.0	40.9	59.8	67.9	8.0	7.5	1.8	NA	9.6	NA	4.1	7.2
Utah	5,220	-10.0	51.6	66.8	45.9	45.0	5.9	8.9	2.9	NA	1.3	NA	4.5	5.1
Washington	9,498	-1.8	53.1	61.7	60.5	60.0	9.7	13.2	4.1	8.4	3.8	NA	5.0	6.8
Wyoming	463	19.3	100.0	100.0	60.1	59.6	8.8	14.5	1.3	NA	0.3	NA	1.3	6.9
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	162,420	-4.3	46.5	52.7	60.8	58.4	10.8	16.4	11.3	3.0	11.0	0.5	3.6	5.0
Illinois	39,320	-5.4	30.4	31.5	59.6	58.2	13.8	19.4	13.6	4.7	12.7	NA	6.3	7.7
Indiana	14,099	3.1	60.9	65.2	54.2	54.2	14.4	18.5	9.4	4.0	9.4	1.9	2.8	4.8
Iowa	8,298	11.4	37.9	31.5	62.3	65.7	8.9	9.5	13.1	NA	16.9	NA	3.7	5.8
Kansas	6,735	0.2	70.1	78.1	60.0	59.3	9.7	13.4	4.8	NA	5.5	NA	3.5	4.8
Michigan	20,689	-2.3	74.0	80.2	58.5	56.3	12.2	18.6	13.2	6.1	12.1	1.0	2.9	4.3
Minnesota	10,831	-48.5	24.8	48.2	70.2	61.9	5.1	11.1	12.6	NA	4.8	NA	2.8	2.2
Missouri	21,313	10.0	30.4	36.9	58.7	55.8	7.8	17.2	15.4	0.8	18.0	0.2	3.7	5.2
Nebraska	5,228	19.8	56.0	54.6	62.1	61.8	3.5	6.1	4.3	NA	4.9	NA	2.5	6.3
North Dakota	1,706	22.6	71.6	78.3	63.0	62.4	11.5	13.2	1.9	NA	4.1	NA	1.3	3.2
Ohio	23,581	6.3	61.8	66.0	61.1	59.3	12.9	17.6	9.1	3.5	9.6	1.7	1.8	3.1
South Dakota	1,538	17.5	72.8	81.7	59.4	57.5	6.4	10.1	1.4	NA	1.2	NA	1.0	1.8
Wisconsin	9,082	-4.2	59.1	59.5	61.9	60.3	8.8	12.5	4.7	NA	5.8	NA	2.3	3.7
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	179,800	7.9	29.7	27.9	60.9	59.8	15.7	21.1	9.2	4.7	9.9	1.4	6.0	8.0
Connecticut	9,732	12.7	35.0	32.2	58.9	59.8	18.2	15.2	6.9	NA	8.0	NA	5.7	5.9
Maine	2,046	11.9	50.9	41.2	71.5	71.2	2.0	2.1	1.6	NA	4.1	NA	1.4	2.1
Massachusetts	35,852	11.6	17.2	16.7	59.5	57.8	16.2	23.1	7.4	NA	7.3	NA	4.9	6.8
New Hampshire	5,775	67.0	32.4	20.3	61.0	57.9	12.4	12.0	1.8	NA	5.0	NA	2.9	2.6
New Jersey	15,773	11.5	53.2	56.5	55.3	56.5	17.0	18.0	11.5	1.8	12.6	1.0	8.5	12.0
New York	70,368	3.2	27.1	26.1	63.1	61.3	17.4	25.3	11.2	4.8	11.8	1.0	8.3	11.0
Pennsylvania	35,387	5.0	34.5	29.8	60.3	60.1	12.1	16.9	8.3	10.7	9.7	3.9	2.6	4.2
Rhode Island	2,556	6.7	32.4	29.5	58.1	58.1	18.5	24.6	4.9	NA	5.1	NA	3.8	5.2
Vermont	2,311	3.0	21.4	20.7	57.6	58.7	4.8	3.9	3.8	NA	5.6	NA	3.1	4.3
District of Columbia	11,439	26.6	0.7	1.0	56.7	57.9	14.8	19.6	18.1	48.6	19.9	18.3	5.0	7.7

¹ "NA" indicates not applicable; there was no institution of this type during the specified years.

² Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

³ Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black institutions (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 56
Master's Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields¹

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities											
	Humanities		Social and Behavioral Sciences		Sciences and Technologies		Business and Management		Education		Health Professions and Related Sciences	
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to	
	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	49,165	4.5	102,972	13.7	124,712	35.6	175,746	-0.5	141,286	-22.3	94,746	38.2
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	14,468	13.7	30,062	28.2	38,263	35.5	56,233	7.2	43,620	-11.5	30,520	41.9
	29.4		29.2		30.7		32.0		30.9		32.2	
Alabama	304	-6.7	1,327	-16.5	1,337	9.2	1,817	-43.3	2,210	-31.2	2,314	71.5
Arkansas	203	6.3	458	5.5	676	28.0	651	-9.1	2,012	36.8	657	11.9
Delaware	86	62.3	401	40.7	455	112.6	991	29.5	610	-30.0	486	177.7
Florida	1,700	61.4	4,199	25.7	5,159	30.5	10,586	-1.3	4,430	-21.7	5,307	51.5
Georgia	1,270	-5.6	1,673	20.2	2,876	24.3	4,303	-1.4	3,196	-22.2	2,524	33.1
Kentucky	616	-2.1	1,699	38.0	995	32.8	1,344	19.8	2,714	-5.8	1,070	13.3
Louisiana	467	4.2	1,058	31.1	1,173	11.6	1,586	1.5	1,299	-0.2	1,355	19.6
Maryland	719	-13.3	2,341	15.4	4,431	47.3	4,918	6.0	2,830	-7.0	2,318	44.7
Mississippi	143	-12.3	611	37.3	917	46.7	1,000	24.7	1,412	-12.1	721	78.5
North Carolina	1,474	38.7	1,890	18.1	3,408	39.8	4,482	11.7	2,413	-21.4	2,635	45.7
Oklahoma	473	1.7	837	14.2	1,214	40.2	1,681	-3.4	1,119	-1.2	715	18.6
South Carolina	393	-12.9	730	21.9	943	45.7	1,444	24.3	1,464	-18.9	740	25.6
Tennessee	819	6.5	1,334	23.2	1,146	35.6	2,818	20.3	2,701	-18.6	2,350	50.3
Texas	2,916	9.7	6,299	53.6	10,188	52.3	12,749	18.9	9,067	-8.8	4,933	40.2
Virginia	2,741	27.6	4,914	79.1	2,971	7.2	5,238	61.3	5,153	7.0	1,914	45.1
West Virginia	144	5.9	291	-71.7	374	18.7	625	-53.3	990	-7.6	481	-7.7
West as a percent of U.S.	9,852	3.5	18,130	15.6	24,452	28.1	34,404	-16.0	32,932	-13.9	17,861	27.8
	20.0		21.9		19.6		19.6		23.3		18.9	
Alaska	48	-20.0	118	8.3	129	-3.0	115	6.5	248	9.3	31	158.3
Arizona	730	54.7	3,375	6.3	2,597	71.0	7,975	-43.4	6,908	-41.0	4,416	21.5
California	6,315	0.1	12,085	24.3	13,511	25.1	16,242	11.3	12,796	-9.5	8,227	32.5
Colorado	667	3.7	2,192	16.9	2,582	28.4	3,197	-30.4	1,853	-24.6	1,019	22.3
Hawaii	85	-35.6	370	-4.6	260	3.2	495	5.3	369	-26.5	156	10.6
Idaho	108	-1.8	266	18.8	378	9.6	321	33.2	603	20.6	240	27.7
Montana	108	20.0	178	-6.8	283	3.7	113	4.6	406	19.1	176	87.2
Nevada	86	-33.3	312	-9.0	216	-12.2	559	-7.1	728	-30.6	297	120.0
New Mexico	249	29.7	394	5.6	625	24.8	578	-4.0	954	4.1	457	10.9
Oregon	651	9.6	758	9.1	1,116	26.5	1,120	-6.5	5,456	116.3	982	44.6
Utah	280	6.1	790	9.9	927	20.5	1,682	-12.0	670	-51.6	641	6.1
Washington	489	-1.8	1,617	1.1	1,708	36.1	1,950	-19.2	1,830	-24.1	1,191	20.9
Wyoming	36	63.6	63	-13.7	120	22.4	57	21.3	111	40.5	28	-33.3
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	9,942	-2.6	21,172	-1.1	28,085	42.6	42,418	-10.9	29,830	-36.9	22,947	40.1
	20.2		20.6		22.5		24.1		21.1		24.2	
Illinois	2,676	0.4	5,202	2.0	6,903	32.1	11,230	-7.8	5,770	-48.1	5,011	70.7
Indiana	1,122	-2.9	1,406	4.7	4,251	67.4	4,242	-5.5	2,188	-24.6	1,862	26.1
Iowa	403	1.8	1,363	15.1	1,102	37.2	2,051	-24.2	1,615	5.6	1,458	161.8
Kansas	473	13.2	922	11.1	1,179	30.1	1,184	-21.1	1,997	-6.9	635	14.2
Michigan	1,076	-2.9	2,916	12.2	4,747	31.1	4,878	-13.9	3,565	-34.4	2,626	37.7
Minnesota	792	-4.5	1,538	-52.5	1,310	-10.7	2,471	-39.1	2,834	-65.2	1,455	-50.9
Missouri	987	-13.0	2,442	-0.3	3,405	121.0	6,912	-4.2	3,706	-19.7	2,956	68.4
Nebraska	209	34.8	762	33.5	697	38.0	1,138	0.3	1,491	8.4	794	55.4
North Dakota	41	141.2	230	62.0	287	43.5	357	-8.2	417	48.9	346	2.1
Ohio	1,654	-5.4	2,955	5.5	4,237	64.2	5,237	-6.6	4,052	-36.2	4,208	88.4
South Dakota	64	-4.5	266	34.3	330	68.4	229	-15.5	439	11.1	159	6.0
Wisconsin	445	-13.4	1,170	22.9	1,337	17.9	2,489	3.9	1,756	-40.5	1,437	45.2
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	14,189	1.5	26,318	10.0	32,118	35.5	40,203	18.9	34,300	-25.7	22,253	39.6
	28.9		25.6		25.8		22.9		24.3		23.5	
Connecticut	851	30.7	1,304	9.1	1,903	14.4	2,045	13.3	1,999	-8.5	1,307	50.1
Maine	100	-15.3	487	119.4	132	17.9	296	37.0	531	-36.6	464	53.1
Massachusetts	2,352	-11.2	5,490	10.3	6,393	45.5	9,221	17.3	6,489	-16.4	3,812	27.3
New Hampshire	457	**	372	-14.1	749	94.5	2,437	100.9	898	3.5	629	77.7
New Jersey	1,288	3.4	2,376	9.0	3,651	27.9	3,273	10.9	3,048	-10.2	1,599	54.5
New York	6,175	0.4	11,034	12.5	12,120	36.1	14,217	19.2	14,026	-33.1	8,043	36.1
Pennsylvania	2,266	-1.3	4,317	7.0	6,440	35.4	7,568	10.6	6,584	-29.4	6,074	41.8
Rhode Island	167	-13.5	410	-11.6	461	13.8	846	23.0	383	-9.0	197	50.4
Vermont	533	1.9	528	-15.8	269	13.0	300	0.7	342	-13.2	128	96.9
District of Columbia	714	11.4	2,902	26.8	1,794	42.8	2,488	44.8	604	-28.4	1,165	53.7

** Increase greater than 200 percent.

Note: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: *humanities* (English language, literature and letters; French language and literature; foreign languages and literature; liberal arts, general studies and humanities; philosophy and religion; theological studies and religious vocations; and visual and performing arts); *social and behavioral sciences* (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); *sciences and technologies* (agricultural business and production; agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; life sciences and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairs; and precision production trades); *business and management* (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; vocational home economics; and transportation and material moving); *education* (all subfields); and *health professions and related sciences* (all subfields). Not included were degrees in communications; communications technologies; personal and miscellaneous services; law and legal studies; library sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; and parks, recreation, leisure and fitness.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 57

Research and Scholarship Doctoral Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total		Percent of Total											
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Public Colleges		Women Students		Foreign Students		Black Students ²				Hispanic Students ²	
	2014-15	2012-13	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2009-10	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	65,774	15.1	64.3	65.3	49.4	49.3	27.4	27.7	9.0	9.2	9.6	10.8	5.5	7.0
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	22,178	23.5	78.1	75.0	50.3	50.5	26.9	27.0	13.2	18.7	14.8	15.1	5.6	6.8
Alabama	768	31.7	96.2	97.4	47.2	46.0	30.2	26.7	14.6	30.5	14.6	7.4	2.2	1.1
Arkansas	294	5.0	99.3	96.9	50.0	47.3	20.7	26.9	8.9	0.0	10.0	0.0	1.9	2.8
Delaware	334	51.1	82.8	72.8	50.2	53.6	32.6	31.1	8.1	40.0	15.4	3.4	3.2	1.6
Florida	3,246	10.7	62.6	65.4	54.4	54.3	24.4	23.4	19.2	2.5	19.7	4.4	9.9	13.1
Georgia	1,904	14.6	76.7	75.2	54.7	51.3	26.2	29.3	19.8	32.5	21.2	7.3	2.9	3.0
Kentucky	668	34.9	86.1	73.1	49.9	47.9	27.7	23.2	11.1	0.0	8.5	0.0	3.3	2.1
Louisiana	685	12.1	83.3	82.0	49.1	48.0	34.5	32.8	16.5	19.0	17.5	29.9	3.1	4.1
Maryland	1,509	16.9	65.5	62.9	50.3	48.2	32.6	30.8	12.9	33.0	14.2	43.7	3.5	3.8
Mississippi	574	21.1	100.0	87.8	56.8	58.0	20.7	21.6	26.1	55.1	35.7	41.3	1.6	1.3
North Carolina	2,100	33.2	78.9	69.8	50.7	52.5	20.8	24.4	9.5	14.8	11.5	19.3	3.2	3.1
Oklahoma	543	12.7	93.6	90.4	50.4	43.3	34.9	33.9	5.7	0.0	5.8	0.0	3.7	3.3
South Carolina	867	50.0	93.4	94.1	49.7	52.7	22.0	25.5	15.6	31.8	17.3	26.9	2.8	2.9
Tennessee	1,392	38.1	68.2	63.6	56.3	56.3	18.9	16.2	11.6	26.1	14.1	8.9	2.9	2.0
Texas	4,855	34.2	86.8	77.1	46.2	47.1	34.7	33.9	7.1	14.8	9.6	12.1	11.4	14.7
Virginia	2,238	12.7	71.0	75.8	45.0	50.6	19.5	21.4	10.8	8.7	14.5	14.9	2.5	3.6
West Virginia	201	27.2	100.0	100.0	40.5	44.3	35.4	27.4	4.0	0.0	6.8	0.0	1.0	2.1
West as a percent of U.S.	14,126	15.1	67.3	69.4	48.8	49.4	22.3	21.2	5.3	0.0	6.0	0.0	7.9	10.4
Alaska	41	-8.9	100.0	100.0	44.4	34.1	20.0	24.4	0.0	NA	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	1,795	9.4	61.3	70.6	52.7	55.2	19.6	21.8	11.0	0.0	14.5	0.0	7.5	8.3
California	7,697	11.5	55.5	55.9	48.6	49.8	22.8	20.0	5.5	0.0	6.0	0.0	10.1	13.1
Colorado	1,182	29.5	81.4	84.3	49.2	47.4	16.9	18.1	2.7	0.0	4.2	0.0	4.7	6.4
Hawaii	260	39.0	98.4	91.9	53.5	51.2	34.2	26.9	1.7	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.8	6.3
Idaho	129	18.3	100.0	100.0	44.0	43.4	23.9	24.0	4.0	0.0	2.1	0.0	2.7	1.1
Montana	129	38.7	100.0	100.0	40.9	45.0	7.5	10.1	0.0	NA	0.0	NA	2.9	1.8
Nevada	258	9.8	100.0	100.0	44.3	49.2	19.6	21.7	4.4	0.0	2.6	0.0	4.9	8.2
New Mexico	366	39.2	100.0	100.0	44.1	50.8	28.5	27.3	5.7	0.0	2.4	0.0	16.1	25.3
Oregon	537	20.9	98.6	98.7	47.3	48.6	24.1	20.9	0.6	0.0	1.8	0.0	3.9	5.1
Utah	611	39.8	84.0	79.5	39.8	38.0	29.7	26.0	1.0	0.0	2.3	0.0	3.1	2.5
Washington	1,028	9.5	93.7	94.2	50.7	48.4	22.2	25.8	2.4	0.0	3.8	0.0	3.1	6.2
Wyoming	93	34.8	100.0	100.0	50.7	39.8	24.6	31.2	0.0	NA	1.8	0.0	2.4	1.8
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	15,075	6.0	70.8	76.8	48.8	48.0	28.3	31.2	8.8	0.1	6.9	0.0	3.7	4.8
Illinois	3,081	20.0	54.1	49.6	45.8	46.5	33.1	30.4	8.6	0.7	10.7	0.0	5.5	6.0
Indiana	1,752	23.9	85.4	83.3	42.0	45.7	38.4	36.6	3.9	0.0	5.4	0.0	4.6	5.4
Iowa	789	11.0	98.2	98.1	47.1	46.9	35.9	31.7	5.5	0.0	3.7	0.0	3.4	5.5
Kansas	654	34.8	96.9	96.9	49.3	50.3	32.4	29.8	3.7	0.0	4.7	0.0	3.0	6.1
Michigan	2,154	17.1	94.7	95.2	43.9	45.7	31.7	32.8	8.5	0.0	8.5	0.0	3.9	5.7
Minnesota	948	-56.2	32.4	80.6	58.9	49.7	12.4	25.0	19.4	0.0	4.4	0.0	2.9	3.2
Missouri	1,591	35.9	44.3	44.8	55.3	53.6	21.5	21.3	5.6	0.0	8.3	0.0	2.4	2.7
Nebraska	456	24.3	92.1	95.0	51.8	47.6	15.5	33.6	5.9	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.1	5.6
North Dakota	193	41.9	100.0	100.0	58.8	48.2	29.4	43.0	3.1	0.0	3.0	0.0	1.0	4.0
Ohio	2,128	-6.9	84.1	87.2	47.7	49.0	31.6	34.9	8.1	0.0	6.9	0.0	2.6	3.7
South Dakota	147	48.5	100.0	100.0	44.4	46.3	20.2	38.1	2.7	0.0	3.4	0.0	1.3	2.2
Wisconsin	1,182	20.4	86.0	86.4	46.9	49.1	27.7	30.4	3.4	0.0	2.6	0.0	5.2	4.9
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	13,753	13.2	36.2	35.7	49.1	48.3	32.3	32.1	6.1	0.2	6.0	1.6	5.0	5.7
Connecticut	830	23.9	41.5	43.1	47.3	50.6	32.1	33.1	4.4	0.0	3.1	0.0	2.1	5.3
Maine	85	63.5	100.0	95.3	42.3	57.6	19.2	21.2	0.0	NA	1.8	0.0	2.6	0.0
Massachusetts	3,020	14.9	16.2	16.0	47.2	45.8	32.4	32.9	4.6	0.0	4.8	0.0	5.4	3.9
New Hampshire	188	20.5	41.0	47.3	44.9	50.5	27.6	26.1	2.1	0.0	0.8	0.0	2.1	6.6
New Jersey	1,457	11.9	62.0	57.7	51.9	45.8	32.9	30.3	8.0	1.6	9.5	0.0	6.7	8.2
New York	4,672	8.2	29.5	31.2	50.9	50.1	32.8	33.3	7.0	0.0	6.5	4.4	6.5	7.2
Pennsylvania	3,079	16.3	50.2	46.5	47.5	47.5	31.3	31.7	6.3	0.0	6.5	0.0	2.5	3.6
Rhode Island	336	11.6	30.9	28.9	47.8	52.7	36.5	27.7	3.6	0.0	4.3	0.0	4.2	10.8
Vermont	86	11.7	100.0	91.9	59.7	48.8	23.4	16.3	0.0	NA	1.4	0.0	0.0	8.6
District of Columbia	642	23.9	0.0	0.0	55.8	54.7	23.2	18.1	7.4	0.0	28.8	74.6	3.3	6.2

"NA" indicates not applicable. There were no degrees of this type during the specified years.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 58

Research and Scholarship Doctoral Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields¹

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities											
	Humanities		Social and Behavioral Sciences		Sciences and Technologies		Business and Management		Education		Health Professions and Related Sciences	
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to		Percent Change 2009-10 to	
	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	5,895	6.5	11,120	11.6	29,714	19.1	2,235	2.7	9,966	14.6	4,907	24.1
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	1,654	4.0	3,122	20.5	9,616	23.2	839	35.5	4,163	25.3	2,078	41.5
	28.1		28.1		32.4		37.5		41.8		42.3	
Alabama	23	-4.2	112	40.0	361	18.4	34	41.7	172	83.0	22	29.4
Arkansas	13	62.5	42	50.0	130	23.8	13	62.5	66	24.5	17	-76.7
Delaware	9	28.6	45	45.2	158	39.8	17	NA	89	74.5	13	NA
Florida	226	25.6	468	17.6	1,222	12.4	113	-31.5	812	-9.0	270	94.2
Georgia	143	19.2	216	-4.0	910	25.0	96	118.2	399	18.0	84	-53.3
Kentucky	72	26.3	96	1.1	212	14.0	28	133.3	195	105.3	40	25.0
Louisiana	63	61.5	98	27.3	312	-1.0	31	6.9	103	10.8	60	53.8
Maryland	91	-21.6	215	13.2	832	20.9	22	57.1	136	24.8	152	18.8
Mississippi	22	0.0	112	69.7	174	4.8	22	-8.3	158	-2.5	73	192.0
North Carolina	165	47.3	251	23.0	1,041	24.5	29	61.1	301	59.3	245	75.0
Oklahoma	45	73.1	109	-16.2	262	21.3	34	88.9	55	-11.3	16	**
South Carolina	58	0.0	73	65.9	368	55.3	15	-6.3	128	24.3	202	88.8
Tennessee	83	36.1	208	56.4	456	31.8	45	28.6	288	32.1	270	45.9
Texas	464	15.1	707	21.3	2,330	31.4	172	22.0	769	61.9	308	126.5
Virginia	165	-53.0	326	18.1	751	22.5	164	156.3	477	26.2	288	13.4
West Virginia	12	100.0	44	46.7	97	7.8	4	-42.9	15	50.0	18	80.0
West as a percent of U.S.	1,153	5.8	2,820	17.4	6,386	15.7	567	-2.6	1,887	14.4	1,009	36.4
	19.6		25.4		21.5		25.4		18.9		20.6	
Alaska	0	NA	5	0.0	28	-15.2	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Arizona	129	5.7	252	25.4	507	18.5	249	-29.1	405	3.6	206	73.1
California	697	2.7	1,789	17.5	3,488	7.4	181	9.7	906	14.8	481	41.5
Colorado	87	-4.4	219	14.7	630	42.5	49	**	126	8.6	41	36.7
Hawaii	33	26.9	56	40.0	96	6.7	11	175.0	50	**	12	50.0
Idaho	1	-80.0	4	-50.0	81	47.3	0	NA	37	5.7	6	0.0
Montana	0	NA	7	-22.2	93	45.3	0	NA	25	47.1	1	NA
Nevada	17	54.5	55	22.2	95	0.0	1	-75.0	37	-14.0	51	50.0
New Mexico	36	28.6	50	42.9	180	37.4	5	NA	66	34.7	29	45.0
Oregon	49	16.7	96	28.0	283	16.0	7	75.0	72	53.2	15	-25.0
Utah	35	191.7	94	5.6	321	43.9	14	75.0	51	-7.3	78	151.6
Washington	69	-6.8	183	9.6	532	23.1	44	18.9	87	11.5	89	-32.6
Wyoming	0	NA	10	-33.3	52	48.6	6	200.0	25	56.3	0	NA
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	1,489	13.6	2,284	-5.0	6,851	20.0	454	-31.0	2,395	-3.5	1,086	8.3
	25.3		20.5		23.1		20.3		24.0		22.1	
Illinois	384	16.7	549	12.3	1,292	12.0	158	62.9	518	57.0	106	-4.5
Indiana	231	23.5	241	4.3	892	35.4	53	35.9	203	28.5	54	-20.6
Iowa	70	9.4	96	28.0	381	2.7	26	62.5	72	-11.1	120	57.9
Kansas	59	25.5	172	60.7	247	45.3	1	-50.0	116	5.5	31	-8.8
Michigan	231	13.2	343	5.9	1,103	19.2	39	2.6	268	44.9	96	5.5
Minnesota	56	-13.8	161	-65.9	427	16.7	34	-90.2	197	-75.1	50	-43.2
Missouri	113	10.8	155	8.4	490	28.6	23	130.0	403	30.4	336	92.0
Nebraska	34	13.3	53	-5.4	218	47.3	23	43.8	92	24.3	30	3.4
North Dakota	7	0.0	24	-22.6	102	100.0	4	100.0	49	58.1	5	0.0
Ohio	179	6.5	289	-4.6	1,039	7.3	68	-6.8	309	23.1	164	-34.9
South Dakota	4	**	21	61.5	69	81.6	0	NA	37	-17.8	16	**
Wisconsin	121	13.1	180	12.5	591	23.9	25	47.1	131	12.0	78	8.3
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	1,499	3.4	2,678	10.6	6,691	15.6	340	23.6	1,447	21.6	717	-1.1
	25.4		24.1		22.5		15.2		14.5		14.6	
Connecticut	118	32.6	161	5.9	409	18.2	23	4.5	51	**	45	25.0
Maine	3	200.0	17	54.5	47	56.7	0	NA	5	0.0	0	NA
Massachusetts	242	0.8	547	23.8	1,653	16.2	71	69.0	240	29.7	181	-17.4
New Hampshire	6	100.0	24	84.6	132	9.1	1	-83.3	22	120.0	2	-33.3
New Jersey	143	-7.7	294	17.1	629	10.5	32	77.8	148	89.7	173	-9.4
New York	666	1.1	1,166	9.8	1,986	10.9	123	9.8	454	-7.0	156	21.9
Pennsylvania	269	2.3	392	-3.4	1,607	23.0	88	22.2	490	26.3	146	5.8
Rhode Island	45	12.5	68	-6.8	171	11.8	2	-33.3	24	100.0	14	40.0
Vermont	7	NA	9	-18.2	57	21.3	0	NA	13	-31.6	0	NA
District of Columbia	100	8.7	216	46.9	170	19.7	35	-18.6	74	34.5	17	0.0

** Increase greater than 200 percent.

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no degree of this type in one or both of the years.

Note: The broad subject areas were defined as follows: *humanities* (English language, literature and letters; French language and literature; foreign languages and literature; liberal arts, general studies and humanities; philosophy and religion; theological studies and religious vocations; and visual and performing arts); *social and behavioral sciences* (area, ethnic and cultural studies; home economics; psychology; protective services; public administration and services; and social sciences and history); *sciences and technologies* (agricultural business and production; agricultural sciences; conservation and renewable natural resources; architecture and related programs; computer and information sciences; engineering; engineering-related technologies; life sciences and biological sciences; mathematics; physical sciences; science technologies; construction trades; mechanics and repairs; and precision production trades); *business and management* (business management and administrative services; marketing operations and distribution; vocational home economics; and transportation and material moving); *education* (all subfields); and *health professions and related sciences* (all subfields). Not included were degrees in communications; communications technologies; personal and miscellaneous services; law and legal studies; library sciences; military technologies; multi-interdisciplinary studies; and parks, recreation, leisure and fitness.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 59

Professional Practice Doctoral Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total		Percent of Total											
	Percent Change 2009-10 to		Public Colleges		Women Students		Foreign Students		Black Students ²				Hispanic Students ²	
	2014-15	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	2014-15	2009-10	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	2009-10	2014-15
50 states and D.C.	107,924	8.6	42.2	40.9	52.9	53.9	2.3	2.8	6.7	18.9	7.2	16.3	5.8	7.3
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	33,488	9.4	57.8	53.3	52.7	54.0	1.4	1.5	9.6	30.0	10.5	25.0	7.0	8.4
Alabama	1,611	8.4	68.8	73.5	58.7	63.7	0.5	0.6	12.9	34.4	13.2	29.6	1.0	2.2
Arkansas	677	29.2	99.4	89.8	46.4	47.9	0.8	0.6	8.6	0.0	6.1	0.0	1.9	2.8
Delaware	207	-32.6	17.6	17.9	46.3	52.7	0.0	0.5	6.1	0.0	8.9	0.0	1.6	3.4
Florida	5,938	-3.1	39.1	45.5	56.5	55.5	1.9	2.2	10.1	35.8	12.3	33.7	13.9	18.6
Georgia	2,670	16.6	38.2	40.8	51.3	54.5	0.9	1.7	12.5	13.0	14.0	14.1	3.8	4.8
Kentucky	1,339	22.2	87.7	81.0	50.3	51.5	1.6	1.1	4.7	0.0	3.9	0.0	1.5	1.6
Louisiana	1,824	3.1	50.8	55.8	49.7	52.5	1.8	1.4	13.6	64.4	16.2	21.6	4.2	4.7
Maryland	1,476	7.4	86.8	85.0	56.6	57.6	2.5	1.9	9.8	3.3	12.7	13.6	3.8	5.8
Mississippi	720	5.9	74.9	69.0	51.0	51.9	0.0	1.1	9.3	0.0	10.9	0.0	0.6	1.6
North Carolina	2,678	15.7	43.1	44.4	52.3	54.4	1.4	1.2	12.2	33.3	14.3	26.4	2.9	5.1
Oklahoma	1,083	-1.9	72.5	78.9	47.2	50.5	1.2	0.6	3.5	10.8	2.3	26.1	2.2	4.4
South Carolina	1,023	11.4	72.0	68.5	48.1	50.7	0.7	1.1	8.4	0.0	8.4	0.0	1.7	3.4
Tennessee	2,257	38.5	57.8	41.5	51.8	54.2	1.5	1.4	14.8	49.8	12.9	44.8	2.4	2.5
Texas	6,091	7.6	64.6	38.5	51.4	53.2	1.4	1.4	7.2	29.2	7.0	29.7	13.9	15.4
Virginia	3,040	20.0	59.9	53.2	52.4	52.2	1.1	1.5	9.1	28.1	10.1	22.7	3.5	3.4
West Virginia	854	8.8	88.4	86.3	52.5	50.2	1.4	1.1	2.2	0.0	2.0	0.0	1.2	0.9
West as a percent of U.S.	19,289	19.5	41.7	40.6	53.4	53.7	2.4	3.0	3.2	0.4	3.3	0.0	8.1	10.6
Alaska	8	NA	NA	0.0	NA	62.5	NA	0.0	NA	NA	0.0	NA	NA	12.5
Arizona	1,881	80.3	54.2	37.7	51.4	50.2	1.0	2.8	3.1	0.0	5.4	0.0	9.4	10.0
California	10,403	14.0	27.8	25.5	53.6	54.4	2.8	3.6	3.9	0.0	3.9	0.0	9.8	13.0
Colorado	1,434	15.0	63.0	59.6	57.7	56.9	1.4	2.0	3.6	0.0	2.2	0.0	5.7	8.0
Hawaii	364	87.6	86.1	93.4	52.6	57.1	1.5	2.7	1.1	0.0	1.7	0.0	3.3	6.0
Idaho	237	20.3	100.0	100.0	44.7	51.1	2.5	3.4	0.6	0.0	1.8	0.0	5.2	4.6
Montana	329	52.3	100.0	100.0	55.6	61.1	0.9	10.0	0.0	NA	1.4	0.0	1.5	2.9
Nevada	794	68.6	59.0	75.8	50.1	44.6	0.8	1.0	4.9	0.0	3.8	0.0	4.9	6.0
New Mexico	328	16.7	100.0	100.0	59.4	57.6	0.0	0.6	1.9	0.0	1.3	0.0	28.8	31.8
Oregon	1,416	1.5	36.6	34.5	50.9	53.2	3.7	2.5	1.3	0.0	1.0	0.0	3.6	5.4
Utah	564	13.0	71.7	69.0	38.7	46.1	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.0	1.3	0.0	4.2	6.8
Washington	1,402	2.8	52.6	55.3	58.2	56.1	2.3	1.7	2.7	6.1	1.6	0.0	3.9	4.7
Wyoming	129	17.3	100.0	100.0	53.6	48.8	2.7	1.6	0.0	NA	1.2	0.0	4.0	6.1
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	26,602	5.3	46.1	49.2	52.6	53.4	2.2	2.7	5.0	3.5	5.3	0.9	3.5	4.2
Illinois	5,563	11.6	28.1	27.0	54.3	54.8	2.4	2.5	6.0	0.0	6.3	0.0	5.6	7.3
Indiana	1,891	4.1	68.1	69.2	52.0	54.7	2.1	2.2	4.5	0.0	5.7	0.0	4.1	4.5
Iowa	2,037	1.2	31.9	31.3	47.9	48.4	0.8	1.2	2.5	0.0	2.8	0.0	3.0	4.1
Kansas	1,037	14.8	88.6	81.8	50.2	51.8	0.9	3.1	3.3	0.0	3.4	0.0	3.2	3.9
Michigan	3,677	-0.8	56.5	65.8	51.4	51.4	4.2	5.7	8.0	3.0	7.7	4.3	3.8	4.2
Minnesota	1,990	1.2	46.6	52.1	53.8	57.3	2.2	3.5	2.9	0.0	2.9	0.0	1.8	2.8
Missouri	3,187	-7.0	24.1	28.9	53.3	53.1	2.8	2.4	3.5	0.0	3.7	0.0	2.7	3.1
Nebraska	1,127	10.0	40.2	37.8	54.0	52.5	0.1	0.9	2.5	0.0	3.1	0.0	3.8	3.5
North Dakota	318	2.3	90.4	89.0	53.7	56.3	2.6	4.4	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.1	1.1
Ohio	3,947	11.4	60.4	68.1	51.4	53.0	1.6	2.5	6.5	15.4	7.5	0.0	2.1	2.8
South Dakota	260	25.0	100.0	98.8	55.3	60.0	0.5	0.8	0.0	NA	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.8
Wisconsin	1,568	14.9	51.4	48.5	55.9	55.0	0.7	0.6	4.7	0.0	4.6	0.0	3.9	3.5
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	25,805	5.2	23.5	20.7	53.6	54.4	3.5	4.2	5.6	0.0	6.1	1.2	5.1	6.6
Connecticut	1,285	10.4	42.5	33.4	56.2	60.1	2.7	3.6	7.6	0.0	5.3	0.0	5.1	5.6
Maine	455	58.5	30.3	17.1	55.1	59.6	0.7	3.1	0.4	0.0	4.6	0.0	0.0	1.5
Massachusetts	4,982	7.6	2.7	5.5	54.9	57.4	5.7	6.1	5.5	0.0	6.3	0.0	4.8	7.1
New Hampshire	265	-4.7	0.0	1.5	44.6	52.5	7.6	7.2	3.9	0.0	2.6	0.0	3.0	5.3
New Jersey	1,564	-8.5	78.1	81.6	49.4	49.6	1.4	2.0	7.7	0.0	9.0	0.0	7.2	9.0
New York	9,778	0.6	15.6	12.1	52.4	52.2	4.0	5.7	5.8	0.0	6.4	3.1	6.1	8.0
Pennsylvania	6,780	11.8	32.1	26.7	55.7	55.1	2.1	1.5	4.9	0.0	5.2	0.0	3.5	4.0
Rhode Island	388	0.3	30.7	39.4	54.5	55.9	0.5	1.3	4.5	0.0	6.3	0.0	5.4	10.0
Vermont	308	2.3	45.2	47.1	51.2	52.6	2.3	0.3	2.5	0.0	3.1	0.0	2.2	6.3
District of Columbia	2,740	-4.3	2.8	2.5	49.8	52.9	2.6	3.8	17.8	58.1	21.6	59.6	6.8	7.8

*NA" indicates not applicable. There was no degree of this type in one or both of the years.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.

Table 60

Professional Practice Doctoral Degrees Awarded in Selected Fields¹

	Public and Private Colleges and Universities									
	Law		Medicine		Dentistry		Chiropractic		Osteopathic Medicine	
	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15
50 states and D.C.	39,965	-9.3	18,300	12.6	5,816	14.9	2,544	-2.2	5,355	47.0
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	12,679	-5.5	6,287	19.5	1,579	11.6	670	-3.2	1,388	72.2
	31.7		34.4		27.1		26.3		25.9	
Alabama	351	-14.4	255	10.9	53	1.9	0	NA	0	NA
Arkansas	250	-7.1	151	3.4	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Delaware	170	-32.8	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Florida	2,757	-7.7	777	57.0	207	-12.7	0	NA	238	15.5
Georgia	946	-4.0	505	23.8	88	44.3	346	27.2	0	NA
Kentucky	395	0.0	263	12.4	167	25.6	0	NA	67	NA
Louisiana	827	-2.7	474	7.5	63	5.0	0	NA	0	NA
Maryland	544	-11.3	270	-2.9	127	8.5	0	NA	0	NA
Mississippi	274	-18.0	124	7.8	34	21.4	0	NA	92	NA
North Carolina	1,419	22.0	460	8.2	131	77.0	0	NA	0	NA
Oklahoma	376	-20.0	165	10.7	60	0.0	0	NA	92	12.2
South Carolina	338	-13.8	244	14.0	69	25.5	56	-36.0	0	NA
Tennessee	535	7.6	433	5.9	139	9.4	0	NA	160	NA
Texas	2,100	-8.4	1,470	19.2	289	7.8	268	-22.3	222	47.0
Virginia	1,271	-7.6	527	60.7	104	15.6	0	NA	336	135.0
West Virginia	126	-3.1	169	7.0	48	-9.4	0	NA	181	12.4
West as a percent of U.S.	7,625	-3.5	2,069	10.2	1,223	37.4	370	-18.3	1,052	**
	19.1		11.3		21.0		14.5		19.6	
Alaska	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Arizona	697	76.0	171	58.3	112	NA	0	NA	259	89.1
California	4,628	-6.6	1,080	3.4	710	15.6	238	-27.2	448	120.7
Colorado	437	-16.6	159	8.9	116	63.4	0	NA	144	NA
Hawaii	114	39.0	66	13.8	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Idaho	93	-2.1	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Montana	84	7.7	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Nevada	133	-8.3	70	27.3	139	78.2	0	NA	129	NA
New Mexico	105	-5.4	102	32.5	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Oregon	435	-16.2	125	1.6	79	11.3	132	4.8	0	NA
Utah	252	-3.4	80	-19.2	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Washington	574	-14.5	216	28.6	67	19.6	0	NA	72	NA
Wyoming	73	10.6	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	8,383	-13.9	4,983	11.7	1,373	16.1	1,279	3.6	1,316	25.2
	21.0		27.2		23.6		50.3		24.6	
Illinois	2,046	-3.5	1,070	-3.9	274	57.5	117	25.8	199	15.7
Indiana	769	-9.2	315	19.8	121	15.2	0	NA	0	NA
Iowa	345	-25.8	152	16.9	86	17.8	653	13.8	208	1.5
Kansas	257	-14.6	189	11.8	0	NA	118	14.6	0	NA
Michigan	1,609	-19.6	732	36.3	209	8.3	0	NA	290	36.2
Minnesota	723	-22.2	294	24.1	107	5.9	170	-15.0	0	NA
Missouri	701	-20.9	516	10.0	173	11.6	221	-16.3	494	22.3
Nebraska	242	-7.3	278	17.3	134	0.0	0	NA	0	NA
North Dakota	80	8.1	55	-1.8	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Ohio	1,093	-15.6	988	14.1	180	4.0	0	NA	125	13.6
South Dakota	62	-1.6	50	8.7	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Wisconsin	456	-7.3	344	2.1	89	18.7	0	NA	0	NA
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	9,309	-14.3	4,515	8.0	1,576	4.9	225	1.4	1,599	14.8
	23.3		24.7		27.1		8.8		29.9	
Connecticut	481	-9.1	201	9.2	45	12.5	28	-34.9	0	NA
Maine	78	-6.0	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	113	3.7
Massachusetts	2,276	-8.6	637	10.6	450	2.0	0	NA	0	NA
New Hampshire	71	-44.5	88	2.3	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
New Jersey	592	-31.3	307	-3.8	113	9.7	0	NA	144	44.0
New York	4,115	-14.0	1,810	5.7	590	5.5	197	10.1	407	-21.3
Pennsylvania	1,404	-14.9	1,253	14.1	378	5.0	0	NA	935	40.2
Rhode Island	129	-24.6	106	9.3	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
Vermont	163	-1.2	113	4.6	0	NA	0	NA	0	NA
District of Columbia	1,969	-7.6	446	-6.1	65	-8.5	0	NA	0	NA

** Increase greater than 200 percent.

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no degree of this type in one or both of the years.

¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and D.C., excluding service schools.

² Other includes divinity/ministry, rabbinical studies, pastoral studies/counseling, religious education, and other religious studies/vocations; clinical, general and school counseling, and other psychology; general performance music; audiology/audiologist, speech-language pathology/pathologist; medical scientist; nursing/registered nurse, nursing science, pediatric nurse/nursing, and other nursing; industrial/physical pharmacy and cosmetic science; podiatry; occupational health and industrial hygiene, occupational therapy/therapist, and physical therapy/therapist; traditional Chinese/Asian medicine and Chinese herbology; naturopathic medicine; and veterinary science/veterinary clinical science.

Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.edu.gov/ipeds.

Table 60
continued

Public and Private Colleges and Universities								
Pharmacy		Optometry		Veterinary Medicine		Other Professional Practice Doctorates ²		
2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	2014-15	Percent Change 2009-10 to 2014-15	
14,221	22.2	1,511	13.2	2,815	13.6	17,397	40.9	50 states and D.C.
4,961	18.4	445	12.7	1,063	12.1	4,416	27.1	SREB states as a percent of U.S.
34.9		29.5		37.8		25.4		
266	5.6	42	0.0	177	15.7	467	34.6	Alabama
154	45.3	0	NA	0	NA	122	**	Arkansas
0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	37	-31.5	Delaware
874	-7.9	95	-12.8	101	13.5	889	-16.0	Florida
359	2.6	0	NA	100	8.7	326	169.4	Georgia
128	0.0	0	NA	0	NA	319	123.1	Kentucky
248	2.5	0	NA	84	3.7	128	33.3	Louisiana ²
273	139.5	0	NA	31	10.7	231	3.1	Maryland
63	-4.5	0	NA	80	11.1	53	-18.5	Mississippi
350	12.2	0	NA	79	0.0	239	-8.8	North Carolina
180	-13.9	28	7.7	87	17.6	39	14.7	Oklahoma
316	73.6	0	NA	0	NA	56	NA	South Carolina
549	130.7	130	10.2	91	33.8	220	27.2	Tennessee
656	13.9	150	50.0	128	2.4	808	42.3	Texas
391	21.4	0	NA	105	20.7	306	62.8	Virginia
154	6.9	0	NA	0	NA	176	26.6	West Virginia
2,398	18.9	357	50.0	525	5.4	3,670	90.5	West as a percent of U.S.
16.9		23.6		18.7		21.1		
0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	8	NA	Alaska
237	10.7	43	NA	0	NA	362	92.6	Arizona
878	18.6	230	51.3	244	7.5	1,947	125.1	California
250	53.4	0	NA	126	-3.8	202	-4.7	Colorado
91	NA	0	NA	0	NA	93	72.2	Hawaii
88	23.9	0	NA	0	NA	56	80.6	Idaho
62	-11.4	0	NA	0	NA	183	169.1	Montana
260	34.7	0	NA	0	NA	63	NA	Nevada
86	-7.5	0	NA	0	NA	35	NA	New Mexico
177	2.3	84	-2.3	57	32.6	327	28.7	Oregon
59	34.1	0	NA	0	NA	173	82.1	Utah
166	-21.7	0	NA	98	1.0	209	30.6	Washington
44	0.0	0	NA	0	NA	12	NA	Wyoming
3,332	21.6	371	4.2	919	21.1	4,646	25.7	Midwest as a percent of U.S.
23.4		24.6		32.6		26.7		
663	49.0	154	4.1	121	14.2	919	50.4	Illinois
296	10.0	75	11.9	83	62.7	232	8.4	Indiana
204	-1.4	0	NA	147	22.5	242	1.3	Iowa
154	16.7	0	NA	113	9.7	206	116.8	Kansas
309	6.9	37	-2.6	106	5.0	385	14.6	Michigan
174	13.0	0	NA	0	NA	-13	-103.8	Minnesota
329	13.4	41	0.0	115	79.7	1,132	32.6	Missouri
233	0.4	0	NA	0	NA	240	49.1	Nebraska
85	-6.6	0	NA	0	NA	98	8.9	North Dakota
587	33.7	64	3.2	153	7.7	757	66.4	Ohio
85	21.4	0	NA	0	NA	63	117.2	South Dakota
213	73.2	0	NA	81	12.5	385	44.7	Wisconsin
3,463	28.7	338	-2.3	308	12.8	4,472	46.0	Northeast as a percent of U.S.
24.4		22.4		10.9		25.7		
165	65.0	0	NA	0	NA	365	36.2	Connecticut
165	NA	0	NA	0	NA	99	4.2	Maine
822	39.1	123	7.9	94	27.0	580	70.1	Massachusetts
0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	106	65.6	New Hampshire
185	-15.1	0	NA	0	NA	223	108.4	New Jersey
996	19.1	73	0.0	95	9.2	1,495	54.3	New York
1,016	19.0	142	-10.7	119	6.3	1,533	31.7	Pennsylvania
114	25.3	0	NA	0	NA	39	39.3	Rhode Island
0	NA	0	NA	0	NA	32	14.3	Vermont
67	NA	0	NA	0	NA	193	4.3	District of Columbia

COMPLETION

Table 61

Other Doctoral Degrees Awarded by Public and Private Colleges and Universities¹

	Total	Percent of Total					
		Public Colleges	Women Students	Foreign Students	Black Students ²	Hispanic Students ²	
		2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	2014-15	Percent at PBIs or HBCUs ³	
50 states and D.C.	1,784	17.8	57.6	6.8	12.8	14.6	5.2
SREB states as a percent of U.S.	301 16.9	30.9	49.8	3.7	21.3	45.9	2.4
Alabama	30	20.0	33.3	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Delaware	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Florida	26	92.3	80.8	15.4	13.6	0.0	9.1
Georgia	10	0.0	50.0	0.0	70.0	85.7	0.0
Kentucky	29	100.0	48.3	6.9	25.9	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Maryland	9	0.0	33.3	0.0	22.2	100.0	0.0
Mississippi	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Carolina	57	0.0	10.5	3.5	13.0	71.4	0.0
Oklahoma	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
South Carolina	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tennessee	12	0.0	41.7	0.0	50.0	0.0	16.7
Texas	41	0.0	68.3	0.0	4.9	0.0	7.3
Virginia	87	39.1	66.7	3.4	23.8	75.0	0.0
West Virginia	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
West as a percent of U.S.	510 28.6	30.2	54.5	8.6	8.6	0.0	6.9
Alaska	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arizona	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
California	141	0.0	41.1	29.8	6.1	0.0	2.0
Colorado	119	0.0	28.6	1.7	24.2	0.0	12.9
Hawaii	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Idaho	21	0.0	61.9	0.0	0.0	NA	9.5
Montana	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nevada	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Mexico	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Oregon	13	0.0	53.8	0.0	0.0	NA	7.7
Utah	62	0.0	88.7	0.0	11.5	0.0	9.8
Washington	154	100.0	72.1	0.0	4.6	0.0	6.0
Wyoming	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Midwest as a percent of U.S.	325 18.2	21.5	60.0	6.8	15.7	0.0	3.9
Illinois	113	23.9	54.9	11.5	30.1	0.0	2.2
Indiana	5	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	NA	0.0
Iowa	25	56.0	60.0	16.0	9.5	0.0	0.0
Kansas	7	0.0	71.4	0.0	14.3	0.0	0.0
Michigan	44	0.0	56.8	6.8	5.0	0.0	12.5
Minnesota	31	0.0	71.0	0.0	0.0	NA	3.2
Missouri	19	0.0	26.3	0.0	17.6	0.0	5.9
Nebraska	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
North Dakota	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ohio	81	35.8	75.3	1.2	11.8	0.0	2.9
South Dakota	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wisconsin	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Northeast as a percent of U.S.	646 36.2	0.0	62.2	7.0	10.0	0.0	6.2
Connecticut	407	0.0	63.1	2.2	0.0	NA	0.0
Maine	44	0.0	54.5	31.8	0.0	NA	0.0
Massachusetts	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Hampshire	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New Jersey	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
New York	74	0.0	70.3	18.9	5.1	0.0	5.1
Pennsylvania	121	0.0	57.0	6.6	12.0	0.0	4.6
Rhode Island	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vermont	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
District of Columbia	2	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	NA	0.0

"NA" indicates not applicable. There was no degree of this type during the specified year.
¹ Figures represent degrees (in the first major) awarded by all degree-granting institutions eligible for federal Title IV student financial aid in the 50 states and the D.C., excluding service schools.
² Calculated based on a total that excludes students whose race is unknown and students from foreign countries.

³ Predominantly black institutions (PBIs) are those in which black students account for more than 50 percent of total fall enrollment. Historically black colleges and universities (HBCUs) are those founded prior to 1964 as institutions for black students. While an institution's PBI status may change from year to year, HBCU status will not.
 Source: SREB analysis of National Center for Education Statistics completions surveys — www.nces.ed.gov/ipeds.