

Break Even Analysis

You are the marketing manager for Pineapple Computers and are in charge of launching a new product – the Y-Phone. So far, the company has invested \$250,000 in a new plant to produce the Y-Phone. Each Y-Phone costs the company \$10 to build, and your customer focus groups have told you that you can sell the Y-Phone for no more than \$200 each.

Mr. James Buffet, CEO of Pineapple Computers, asks you to tell the Board of Directors how many Y-Phones must be sold to recover production costs and when profitability will begin. The Board would like to see a graph depicting the break even point, and they would like to have the exact quantity value.

Your task is to construct a graph showing total revenue and total cost with a label identifying the exact value of the break even point.

Identify the following values:

Fixed Cost: \$250,000

Variable Cost: \$10

Price/unit: \$200

Substitute the known values into the equations below to solve for total revenue (TR), total cost (TC), and break even point. Substitute your own values for Q starting at 500. *Hint:* Increment $Q \ge 100$.

$$Total Revenue = \frac{Price}{Unit} \cdot Quantity$$

Q	500	<mark>600</mark>	<mark>700</mark>	<mark>800</mark>	<mark>900</mark>	1000	<mark>1100</mark>	<mark>1200</mark>	<mark>1300</mark>	<mark>1400</mark>
TR (\$)	100000	120000	140000	<mark>160000</mark>	180000	200000	220000	<mark>240000</mark>	<mark>260000</mark>	280000

$Total Cost = Fixed Cost + (Variable Cost \cdot Quantity)$

Q	500	<mark>600</mark>	<mark>700</mark>	800	900	1000	1100	1200	1300	<mark>1400</mark>
TC (\$)	255000	256000	257000	258000	259000	<mark>260000</mark>	<mark>261000</mark>	<mark>262000</mark>	<mark>263000</mark>	264000

Recall that the break even point is where total revenue and total costs are equivalent (TR=TC). Also, recall that total revenue is the product of selling price/unit and quantity (PQ), and total

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costs are the sum of fixed cost and variable cost times quantity (F + VQ). Expressing the break even point in terms of total revenue and total cost yields the following equation:

$$PQ = F + (VQ)$$

Solving for Q:

$$PQ - VQ = F$$

$$Q(P-V)=F$$

$$Q = \frac{FC}{P - VC}$$
 or Break Even Point (BEP)

Using the known values of F, P and V calculate, in the space below, the break even point (BEP).

$$BEP = \frac{\$250,000}{\$200 - \$10}$$

BEP = 1315.78 or 1316 units

Use the blank graph below to graph total revenue and total cost from the tables above. Label the break even point (TR=TC).

